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A EXAMPLE TASKS FOR AN IMAGE



Question: How many cows are visible in the image? Please respond only with the number.
Answer: 7



Question: Each cow is marked with a coloured bounding box. Which cow is closer to the camera? Only respond with the color of the bounding box.
Answer: Red



Question: Each cow is marked with a coloured bounding box. Which cow is further to the left in the image? Only respond with the color of the bounding box.
Answer: Red



Question: Which point is brighter? Please only respond with the letter.
Answer: B



Question: Each cow is marked with a colored bounding box.. Which cow occupies more pixels in the image? Only respond with the color of the bounding box.
Answer: Green



Question: Which tile shows the correct color pattern? Please respond only with the letter.
Answer: B



Figure 6: For each image, we generate numerous tasks covering diverse perception abilities.

B EXAMPLE OF HUMAN METADATA ANNOTATION

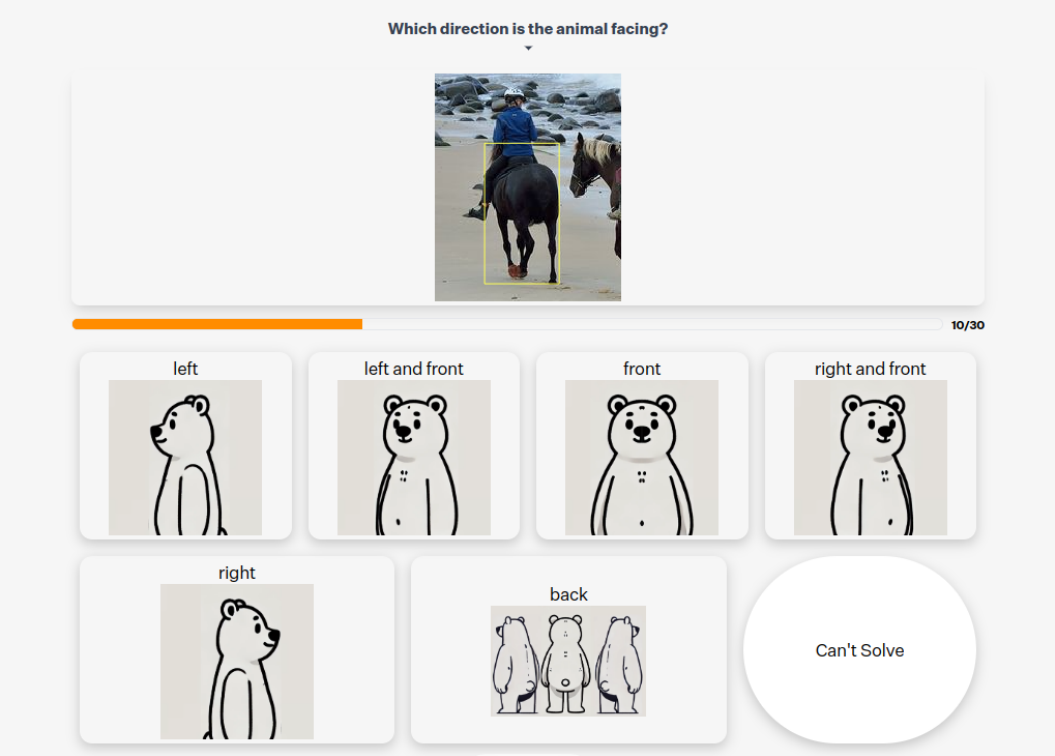


Figure 7: **Exemplary initial human metadata enrichment task.** These annotations were used to enrich the objects with human generated metadata.

C CVPR 2024 PAPER ANALYSIS

Table 2: CVPR 2024 paper analysis summary.

CVPR 2024	
Total number of papers	2,708
With New or modified dataset:	397
Without new or modified dataset:	2,311

We analyzed all papers from CVPR 2024 using three different large language models (LLMs). If the majority of models indicated that a paper introduced a new or modified dataset, we tagged it accordingly. This process identified 397 publications proposing a new or modified dataset. To validate the accuracy of the tagging, we randomly selected 10% of these flagged papers for a human review. All human-verified publications were confirmed to propose a new dataset.

D ACCURACY%(T) CURVES ACROSS DATASETS

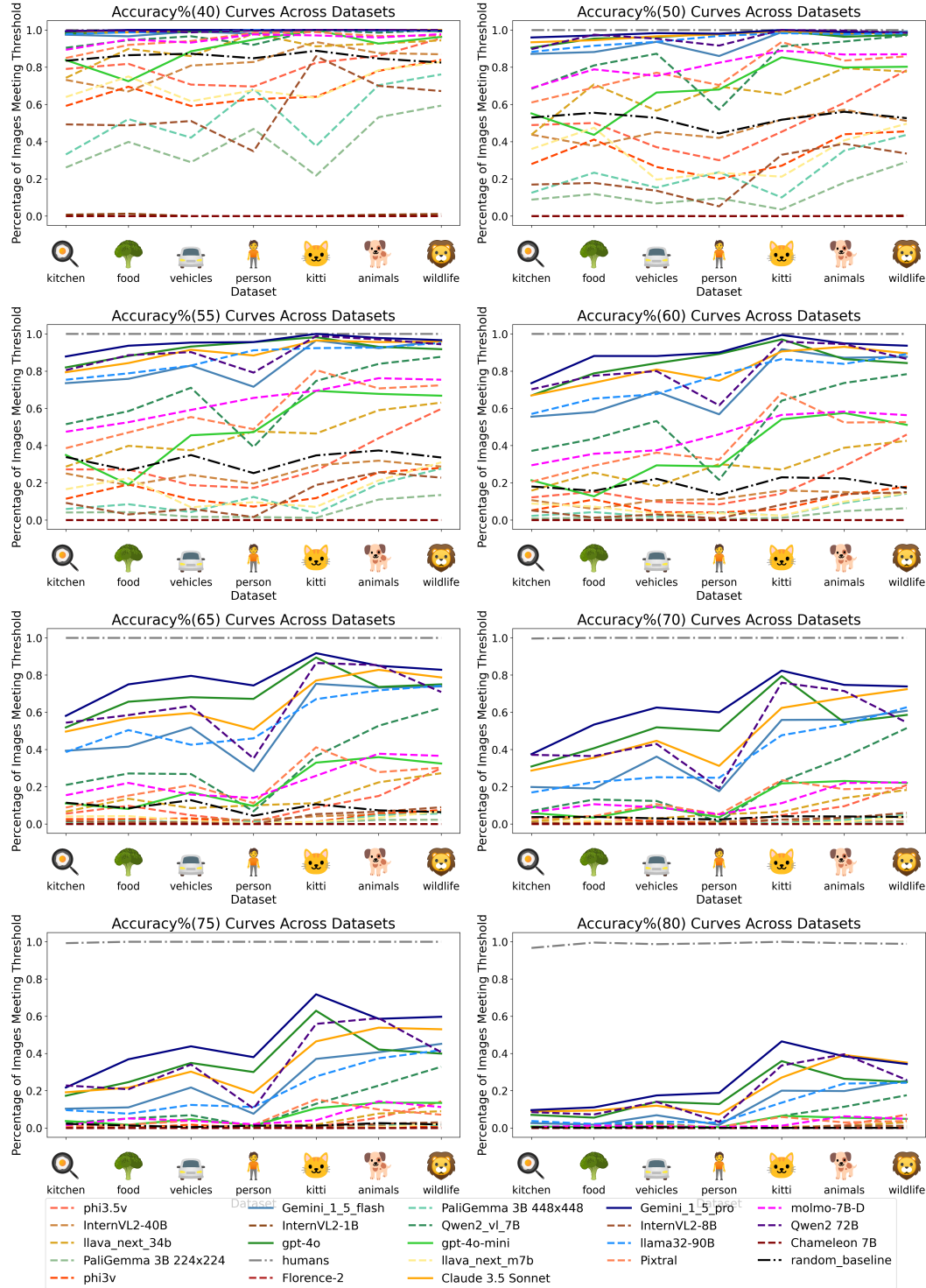


Figure 8: The need for specific in-domain evaluation is demonstrated by the high performance variability across imaging domains. The Accuracy%(t) metric represents the percentage of images for which at least a specified proportion of questions are correctly answered by the mode.

E MODEL OVERVIEW

Table 3: VLM Benchmark Models used in this study

Accessibility	Size	Name	Version	Organization	Release Date
Closed	-	GPT-4o	gpt-4o-2024-08-06	OpenAI	2024-08-08
Closed	-	GPT-4o-mini	gpt-4o-mini-2024-07-18	OpenAI	2024-07-18
Closed	-	Gemini 1.5 Pro	gemini-1.5-pro-001	Google	2024-05-24
Closed	-	Gemini 1.5 Flash	gemini-1.5-flash-001	Google	2024-05-24
Closed	-	Claude 3.5 Sonnet	claude-3-5-sonnet-20240620	Anthropic	2024-06-20
Open	1B	InternVL2-1B	InternVL2-1B	OpenGVLab	2024-07-04
Open	8B	InternVL2-8B	InternVL2-8B	OpenGVLab	2024-07-04
Open	40B	InternVL2-40B	InternVL2-40B	OpenGVLab	2024-07-04
Open	7B	Qwen2 7B	Qwen2-VL-7B-Instruct	Alibaba	2024-08-30
Open	72B	Qwen2 72B	Qwen2-VL-72B-Instruct	Alibaba	2024-08-30
Open	7B	LLaVA-NeXT 7B	llava-v1.6-mistral-7b-hf	U. of Wisconsin-Madison	2024-01-30
Open	34B	LLaVA-NeXT 34B	lava-v1.6-34b-hf	U. of Wisconsin-Madison	2024-01-30
Open	7B	Chameleon 7B	chameleon-7b	Meta	2024-05-16
Open	4.2B	Phi-3 Vision	Phi-3-vision-128k-instruct	Microsoft	2024-04-23
Open	4.2B	Phi-3.5 Vision	Phi-3.5-vision-instruct	Microsoft	2024-08-20
Open	770M	Florence-2	Florence-2-large-ft	Microsoft	2024-06-15
Open	3B	PaliGemma 3B 224x224	paliemma-3b-mix-224	Google	2024-05-14
Open	3B	PaliGemma 3B 448x448	paliemma-3b-mix-448	Google	2024-05-14
Open	12B	Pixtral	Pixtral-12B-2409	Mistral	2024-09-17
Open	90B	Llama 3.2 90B	llama-3-2-90b-vision-instruct	Meta	2024-09-25
Open	7B	Molmo 7B	Molmo-7B-D	Allen Institute for AI	2024-09-24

F OVERVIEW OF VLM BENCHMARK ANNOTATION PROCESSES

Table 4: Overview of VLM Benchmark Annotation Processes

Benchmark	Annotators reported?	Raters per image	Comment
Blink	Yes	2 per image	Two annotators (co-authors) assigned per task. Exception: one question type received single annotation.
MMBench	No	N/A	Volunteers (students) expanded initial question set.
MME	No	N/A	Number of annotators unclear
MMStar	Yes	N/A	Three experts reviewed. Unclear if all samples seen by all.
MM-Vet v2	No	N/A	GPT-4V generated drafts, experts reviewed. Exact number undisclosed.
MMT-Bench	Yes	50 in total	"Dozens of co-authors" and 50 students assisted.
WildVision	Yes	1 per image	Crowdsourced. Cohen's Kappa: 0.59.
MMM-U	Yes	N/A	50 annotators, college students from diverse disciplines.
II-Bench	Yes	N/A	50 students collected and annotated images.
Vibe-Eval	Yes	N/A	22 group members collected prompts.
TouchStone	No	N/A	Manually annotated, no statistical info provided.
Seed-Bench-2	No	N/A	Partly manually annotated, number not given.
MME-RealWorld	Yes	N/A	25 professional annotators, 7 MLLM experts. Task distribution unclear.

G THREE METADATA SOURCES

Table 5: Metadata sources used for enriching instance segmentation datasets.

Human Raters	
Attribute	Description
Occluded	Object occluded or fully visible (other object in front)
Truncated	Object truncated or fully visible (edge of image)
Direction	Direction the object is facing
Existing Annotations	
Attribute	Description
relative_size	Relative size compared to image size
bbox_touces_bbox	Bounding box touching another bounding box
segmask_touces_segmask	Segmentation mask touching another segmentation mask
segmask_touces_segmask_with	Specific segmentation masks touching each other
segmentation_area	Area covered by segmentation
brightness_score	Brightness score
michelson_contrast_score	Michelson contrast score
bbox_x_min, bbox_y_min, bbox_x_max, bbox_y_max	Bounding box coordinates
class_name	Class name of the object
Model Generated	
Attribute	Description
average_depth	Average depth of the object
top_95_depth	Depth of the top 95% portion of the object
bottom_5_depth	Depth of the bottom 5% portion of the object

H MODEL ACCURACY%(T) CURVES FOR EACH DATASET

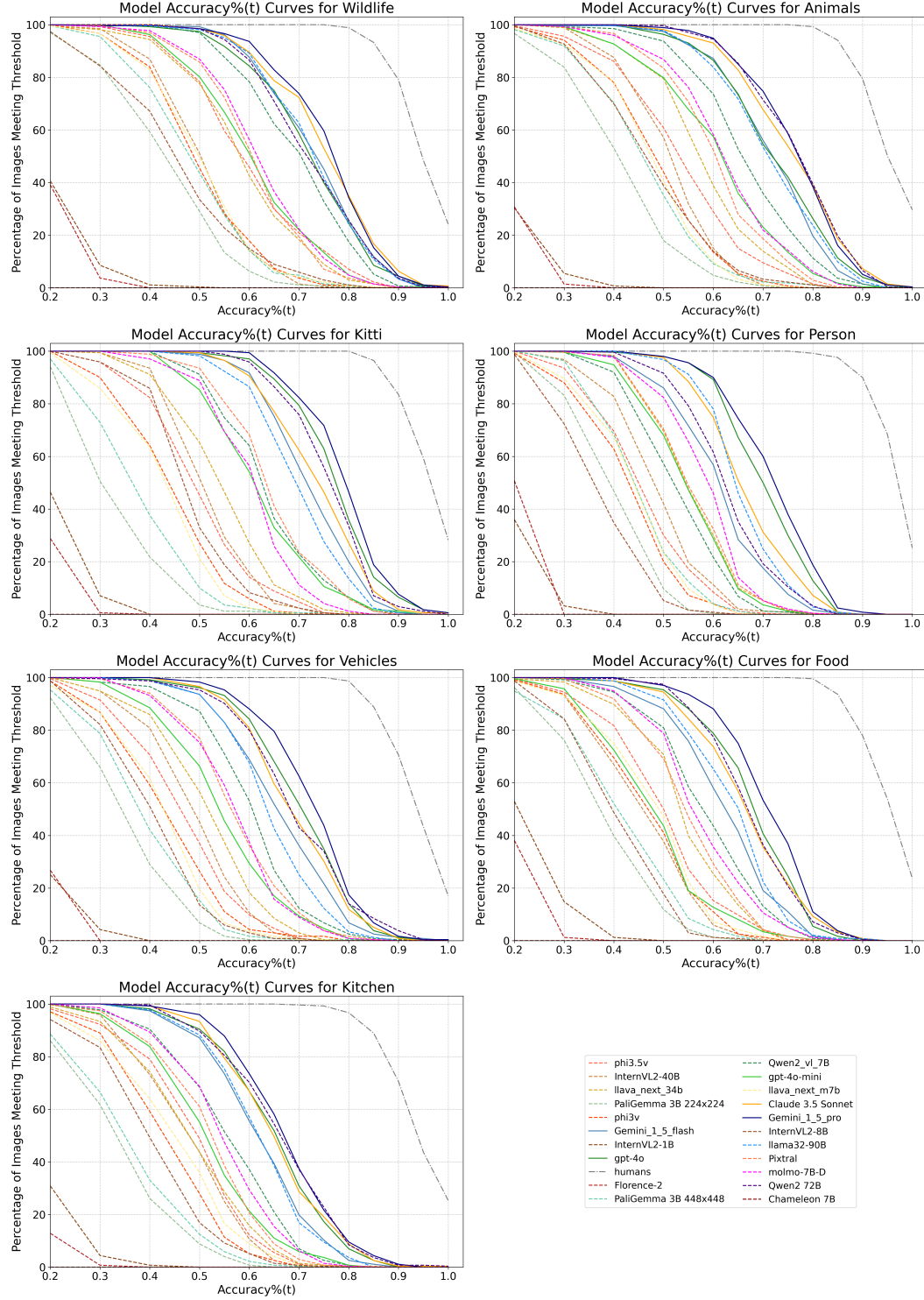


Figure 9: **Model Accuracy%(t) curves per dataset.** We observe performance variability across imaging domains and across models. Exemplary for animals, the best open model Qwen 72B (purple dashed) is almost on par with the best closed Model Gemini 1.5 pro (solid blue).

I OVERVIEW VLM TASKS

Table 6: Overview of VLM Benchmark Tasks

ID	Task Name	Task Description	Answer Type
T1.1	Is Object Present	Determines whether a specified object is present in the image.	Binary
T1.2	Count Objects	Determines the number of objects in the image	Count
T1.3	Is Oth Object Present	Determines whether or not there is more than one object in the image	Binary
T2.1	Is Object Occluded	Determines if the specified object is partially or fully occluded.	Quiz (A/B/C/D)
T2.2	Is Object Truncated	Determines if the specified object is truncated in the image frame.	Binary
T2.3	Blur Object	Determines whether an object is blurred	Quiz (A/B/C/D)
T2.4	Noise Object	Determines whether an object contains noise	Quiz (A/B/C/D)
T2.5	Blur Of Image	Determines which image variant is least blurred	Quiz (A/B/C/D)
T2.6	Noise Of Image	Determines which image variant is not corrupted	Quiz (A/B/C/D)
T3.1	Size Comparison	Determines which of two objects is larger	Color
T3.2	Horizontal Comparison	Determines which object is further to the left of the image	Color
T3.3	Vertical Comparison	Determines which object is further to the bottom of the image	Color
T3.4	Is Oth Object Left	Determines whether there is another image further to the left of an object	Binary
T3.5	Is Oth Object Lower	Determines whether there is another image further to the bottom of an object	Binary
T4.1	Is Object Touching other Object	Determines if two objects are touching each other	Binary
T4.2	Is Object Facing Camera	Determines if the object is facing the camera	Quiz (A/B/C/D)
T5.1	Color Object Matching	Determines which of four tiles show the correct color for the given image	Quiz (A/B/C/D)
T5.2	2nd Brightest Image	Determines which of the images is the 2nd brightest image	Quiz (A/B/C/D)
T5.3	Color Of Image	Determines which image variant is not corrupted	Quiz (A/B/C/D)
T5.4	Brightness Comparison of Two Points	Determines which of two points is brighter	Binary
T6.1	Depth Comparison	Determines which of two objects is closer to the camera	Color
T6.2	Depth Two Points Image	Determines which point is closer	Binary
T7.1	Jigsaw rotation Puzzle	Determines which of four rotated tiles fits best into a cut out area of the image	Quiz (A/B/C/D)
T7.2	Jigsaw Puzzle Image	Determines which of four tiles fits best into a cut out area of the image	Quiz (A/B/C/D)
T8.1	Rotation Of Image	Determines which image variant is not rotated	Quiz (A/B/C/D)

J EXTRACTING HARD TASKS FROM INSTANCE SEGMENTATIONS

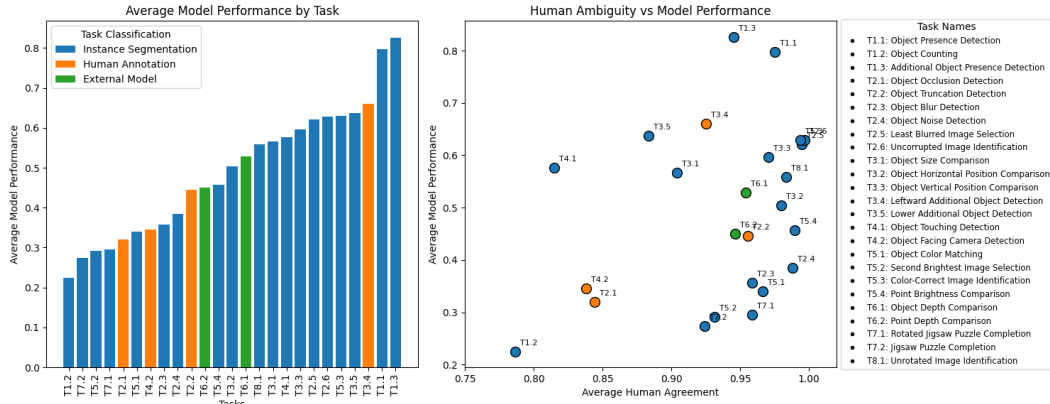


Figure 10: **Instance segmentations alone allow for the extraction of hard tasks.** (a) Tasks were classified in those extractable directly from instance segmentations (blue), requiring external models (green) and requiring human annotations (red). (b) Human ambiguity plotted against model performance.

K RANKING COMPARISON BETWEEN MODELS AND HUMANS

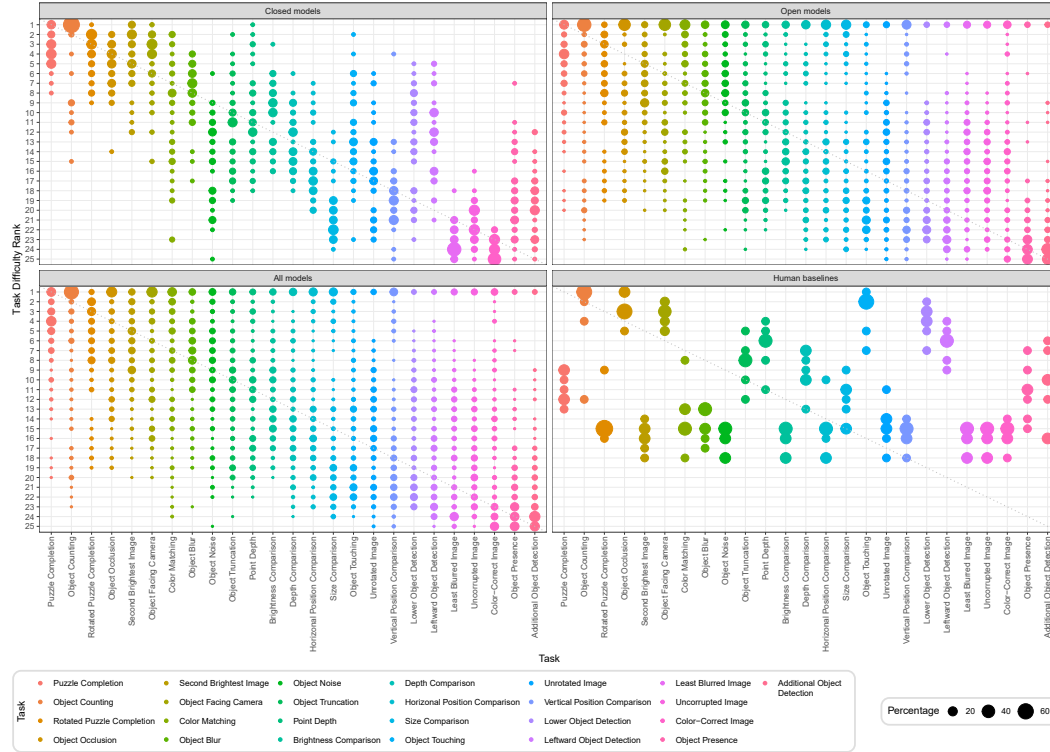


Figure 11: **Task ranking differs between models and human raters.** The plot shows the difficulty of tasks based on aggregated model scores (1 = hardest task, 25 = easiest task). The radius of the blob indicates how often a task was assigned a difficulty rank when considering all seven domains and all models ($n = 5$ for closed models; $n = 16$ for open models; $n = 21$ for all models; $n = 1$ for humans as majority vote over several raters). The larger the plot, the higher the percentage it achieved a specific rank. The hardest tasks on average across domains are (1) T7.2 “Jigsaw Puzzle Completion”, (2), T1.2 “Object Counting”, (3), T7.1 “Rotated Jigsaw Puzzle Completion”, (4), T2.1 “Object Occlusion Detection”, and (5) T5.2 “Second Brightest Image Selection”. The easiest task on average was T1.3 “Additional Object Presence Detection”.