

Table 1: CommonGen results. All methods are applied to the GPT2-large models;

	BLEU-4		ROUGE-L		CIDEr		SPICE		Constraint	
	<i>dev</i>	<i>test</i>	<i>dev</i>	<i>test</i>	<i>dev</i>	<i>test</i>	<i>dev</i>	<i>test</i>	<i>dev</i>	<i>test</i>
<i>supervised</i> - base models trained with full supervision										
FUDGE	-	24.6	-	40.4	-	-	-	-	-	47.0%
A*esque	-	28.2	-	43.4	-	15.2	-	30.8	-	98.8%
NADO	30.8	-	44.4	-	16.1	-	32.0	-	88.8%	-
GeLaTo	34.0	34.1	46.2	45.9	17.2	17.5	32.2	33.5	100.0%	100.0%
Ctrl-G	35.1	34.4	46.7	46.4	17.4	17.6	32.7	33.3	100.0%	100.0%
<i>unsupervised</i> - base models not trained with keywords as supervision										
A*esque	-	28.6	-	44.3	-	15.6	-	29.6	-	-
NADO	26.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
GeLaTo	30.3	29.0	44.3	43.8	15.6	15.5	30.2	30.3	100.0%	100.0%
Ctrl-G	32.1	31.5	45.2	44.8	16.0	16.2	30.8	31.2	100.0%	100.0%

Table 2: Time (seconds) of generating one example on CommonGen (dev); # of HMM hidden states shown in parentheses. Beam size for GeLaTo and Ctrl-G is 128.

	<i>unsupervised</i>			<i>supervised</i>		
# of concepts	3	4	5	3	4	5
A*esque	472.9	542.5	613.9	8.5	9.6	11.4
GeLaTo (4096)	69.8 $\pm$ 32.3	97.9 $\pm$ 39.5	143.0 $\pm$ 44.4	49.8 $\pm$ 20.8	88.7 $\pm$ 30.5	127.6 $\pm$ 30.4
Ctrl-G (4096)	1.1 $\pm$ 0.3	1.9 $\pm$ 0.5	4.6 $\pm$ 1.4	1.2 $\pm$ 0.4	2.3 $\pm$ 0.8	5.7 $\pm$ 1.7
Ctrl-G (32768)	4.1 $\pm$ 0.9	9.0 $\pm$ 2.0	22.3 $\pm$ 5.4	4.7 $\pm$ 1.6	11.0 $\pm$ 3.8	27.6 $\pm$ 8.3

Table 3: Evaluation results of interactive text editing. *K&W* indicates that the model should adhere to both keyphrase (*K*) and word count range (*W*) constraints. Table shows the human evaluation score (*Quality*), constraint success rate (*Success*), and overall satisfaction rate (*Overall*), which is the proportion of examples satisfying constraints with Quality scores above 3.

	<i>Continuation</i>					<i>Insertion</i>				
	<i>None</i>	<i>K</i>	<i>W</i>	<i>K&W</i>	<i>Avg.</i>	<i>None</i>	<i>K</i>	<i>W</i>	<i>K&W</i>	<i>Avg.</i>
<i>Quality</i>										
TULU2	3.80	3.77	3.87	3.88	3.83	2.68	2.64	2.78	2.74	2.71
GPT3.5	4.40	4.32	4.44	4.36	4.38	2.27	2.22	2.27	2.31	2.27
GPT4	4.48	4.44	4.44	4.26	4.40	3.79	3.33	3.53	3.10	3.44
Ctrl-G	4.13	3.98	4.27	3.96	4.08	3.77	3.56	3.73	3.59	3.67
<i>Success</i>										
TULU2	-	35%	33%	1%	23%	-	12%	20%	3%	12%
GPT3.5	-	36%	62%	31%	43%	-	22%	54%	10%	29%
GPT4	-	56%	55%	59%	57%	-	60%	20%	27%	36%
Ctrl-G	-	100%	100%	100%	100%	-	100%	100%	100%	100%
<i>Overall</i>										
TULU2	-	30%	31%	1%	21%	-	7%	10%	1%	6%
GPT3.5	-	36%	62%	31%	43%	-	0%	5%	2%	2%
GPT4	-	56%	55%	57%	56%	-	41%	17%	14%	24%
Ctrl-G	-	89%	97%	90%	92%	-	76%	78%	82%	79%

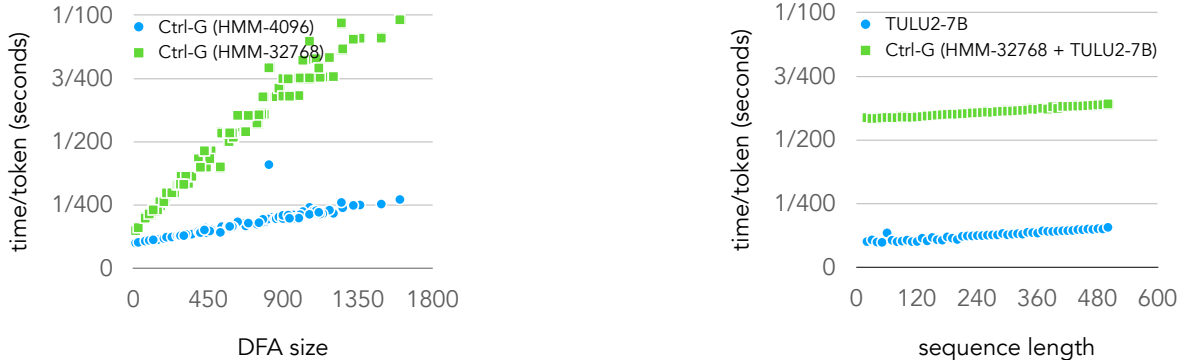


Figure 1: Runtime analysis of Ctrl-G on the task of Interactive Text Editing with TULU2-7B as the base model; Left: the generation time per token scales linearly w/ respect to DFA size. Right: the overhead of Ctrl-G per token (diff. between two lines) stays constant w/ respect to sequence length.