# ResQ : Mixed Precision Quantization of Large Language Models with Low-Rank Residuals

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#### ABSTRACT

Quantizing weights, activations, and KV cache in large language models to 4-bit without degrading generalizability is challenging due to outlier-induced activation quantization errors. We propose *ResQ*, a PTQ method that uses principal component analysis to identify a low-rank subspace (in practice 1/8 of the hidden dimension) and keeps coefficients within this subspace in 8-bit while quantizing the rest in 4-bit. Within each subspace, invariant random rotation is applied to further suppress outliers. ResQ outperforms recent PTQ methods on Llama and Qwen2.5, achieving up to 33% lower Wikitext perplexity than *SpinQuant* and up to  $3\times$  speedup over 16-bit. Code is available at here<sup>1</sup>.

# **1** INTRODUCTION

Quantization reduces storage (weight quantization), memory usage (KV cache quantization), and compute complexity (activation quantization) enabling efficient on-device inference of large language models (LLMs). While post-training methods achieve 2-bit KV cache quantization (Liu et al., 2024b; Hooper et al., 2024) and low-precision weights (Frantar et al., 2022; Lin et al., 2024c), activation quantization below 8-bit remains challenging due to large activation outliers (Dettmers et al., 2022). Recent LLM activation quantization methods feature two useful strategies: differential treatment of outliers retain outlier channels in high precision, leading to mixed-precision quantization (e.g., (Dettmers et al., 2022; Zhao et al., 2024; Ashkboos et al., 2024b)).Recent works, QUIK Ashkboos et al. (2024b) and ATOM Zhao et al. (2024), observe that activation outliers are confined to specific channels and address this by statically preserving those channels in high precision. Alternatively, another line of approaches use *invariant random rotation* to suppress outliers, leading to less difficult uniform low-precision quantization (e.g., (Ashkboos et al., 2024c; Liu et al., 2024a)). QuaRot Ashkboos et al. (2024c) applies random Hadamard rotations, while SpinQuant Liu et al. (2024a) optimizes rotations via gradient descent to minimize quantization error. Both types of activation quantization approaches reduce quantization error; yet a notable model performance gap persists from the 16-bit baseline.

To mend this gap, we introduce *ResQ*, a novel PTQ method that enables efficient 4-bit quantization of activations, weights, and KV cache. Specifically, by means of principal component analysis (PCA) conducted offline, we first identify a low-rank subspace that captures highest variances in activation, and mark the projected coefficients along this subspace for high-precision (8-bit) and the complement subspace for low-precision (4-bit) quantization. Then, ResQ employs invariant random rotations within each subspace before quantization to further suppress outliers. We prove this minimizes error, with most projections fused into adjacent weights for minimal overhead. Compared with related activation quantization approaches, ResQ achieves highest quantization SNR (Figure 1(b)) with its provably optimal treatment high precision component. ResQ also supports KV cache quantization and integrates with GPTQ (Frantar et al., 2022), enhancing LLM generalization. When quantizing weights, activations, and KV cache to 4-bit with only 1/8 channels in 8-bit, ResQ reduces perplexity by 4–33% on Wikitext and improves 0-shot accuracy by 0.1–5.4% over SpinQuant (Liu et al., 2024a), without requiring gradient-based optimization. Compared with 16-bit floating point

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>https://github.com/utkarsh-dmx/project-resq



Figure 1: (a) Activation distribution before and after ResQ projections, (b) Quantization SNR for feed forward network layers (higher is better), (c) Mixed precision matrix multiplication.

model, ResQ achieves upto  $3 \times$  inference speedup which is only on an average 14% less than fully INT4 inference. Detailed description of related works is provided in Appendix A.

We claim the following contributions : (1) We propose ResQ, a mixed precision weight, activation, and KV cache quantization method by keeping low-rank, high-variance components in high precision, in combination with random rotation-induced outlier suppression. (2) We theoretically analyze the projection matrices in ResQ and show that using PCA-based projections minimizes quantization error. (3) We conduct extensive experiments on various models and language tasks and show that ResQ outperforms related state-of-the-art approaches. (4) We develop CUDA kernels and achieve runtime speedup on NVIDIA GPUs with our quantized models.

# 2 ResQ

In this section, we introduce ResQ, a mixed-precision quantization method that projects weights, activations, and KV cache into an orthogonal space, keeping low-rank components in 8-bit and the rest in lower precision. We detail the quantization scheme, basis generation, theoretical guarantees, and end-to-end LLM inference deployment.

#### 2.1 QUANTIZATION SCHEME

The N-bit integer quantization and dequantization process on matrix A is given as

$$Q_N(\boldsymbol{A}) = \left\lfloor \frac{\boldsymbol{A} - z_A}{s_A} \right\rceil \cdot s_A + z_A,\tag{1}$$

where  $\lfloor \cdot \rceil$  is a round-and-clip function;  $s_X$  and  $z_X$  the scale and zero-point;  $z_X = 0$ ,  $s_X = \frac{\max(|\mathbf{X}|)}{2^{N-1}-1}$  for symmetric quantization or  $z_X = \min(\mathbf{X})$ ,  $s_X = \frac{\max(\mathbf{X}) - \min(\mathbf{X})}{2^{N-1}}$  for asymmetric quantization.

Given input activation  $X \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times d}$  and weight  $W \in \mathbb{R}^{d \times d}$ , we project them onto orthogonal basis  $U \in \mathbb{R}^{d \times d}$ , then quantize the coefficients. High-precision components are captured by  $U_h \in \mathbb{R}^{d \times r}$ , and low precision by  $U_l \in \mathbb{R}^{d \times (d-r)}$ , ensuring  $U_h U_h^\top + U_l U_l^\top = U U^\top = I$ . The rank r controls the amount of components in high precision (in practice we typically choose r = d/8). The quantized activation and weights are,

$$\boldsymbol{X}_{q} = Q_{L}(\boldsymbol{X}\boldsymbol{U}_{l}) + Q_{H}(\boldsymbol{X}\boldsymbol{U}_{h}), \qquad \boldsymbol{W}_{q} = Q_{L}(\boldsymbol{U}_{l}^{\top}\boldsymbol{W}) + Q_{H}(\boldsymbol{U}_{h}^{\top}\boldsymbol{W})$$
(2)

The layer output is given below and also demonstrated in Figure 1(c).

$$\boldsymbol{X}_{q}\boldsymbol{W}_{q} = Q_{L}(\boldsymbol{X}\boldsymbol{U}_{l})Q_{L}(\boldsymbol{U}_{l}^{\top}\boldsymbol{W}) + Q_{H}(\boldsymbol{X}\boldsymbol{U}_{h})Q_{H}(\boldsymbol{U}_{h}^{\top}\boldsymbol{W}).$$
(3)

Due to orthogonality, the projections preserve the original model output in absense of quantization.

#### 2.2 PROJECTIONS AND OPTIMALITY THEREOF

The orthogonal basis U should (1) prioritize important components for high-precision quantization and (2) minimize quantization error in both high- and low-precision groups. We construct U = PRusing two rotation matrices: P for importance based projections and R to minimize quantization error.

$$\boldsymbol{U} = \boldsymbol{P}\boldsymbol{R} = \begin{bmatrix} \boldsymbol{P}_l \ \boldsymbol{P}_h \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \boldsymbol{R}_l & \boldsymbol{0} \\ \boldsymbol{0} & \boldsymbol{R}_h \end{bmatrix}, \qquad (4)$$



Figure 2: Model inference with ResQ incorporating the projection matrices. (a)  $U_A$  modifies the inputs across blocks enabling better quantization. (b)  $U_B$ ,  $U_C$  enables mixed precision quantization of KV cache. (c)  $U_D$  projects the activations and weights of down\_proj layer.

Inspired by prior work (Ashkboos et al., 2024c; Chee et al., 2024), we make  $R_l$ ,  $R_h$  random orthogonal matrices because random rotation reduces outliers, making the rotated matrices easier to quantize. Furthermore, projection with a random orthogonal matrix increases Gaussianity of activations and weights within high- and low-precision groups, due to Lemma 2.1, conducive to the quantizations applied to these groups.

**Lemma 2.1.** By Central Limit Theorem, the distribution after multiplication with random orthogonal matrix is approximately Gaussian (Tseng et al., 2024).

To determine P, we minimize the activation quantization error  $||X - X_q||_F$ . For activations quantized according to Equation 2, we have,

$$\|X - X_q\|_F = \|XU_l - Q_L(XU_l)\|_F + \|XU_h - Q_H(XU_h)\|_F.$$
(5)

**Theorem 2.2.** For any matrix X quantized to  $X_q$  according to method described in Equation 2, assuming the values to be quantized in X are normally distributed, we have

$$\mathbb{E}\|\boldsymbol{X} - \boldsymbol{X}_{q}\|_{F} \leq \frac{\sqrt{\pi \log(d-r)}}{2^{L-1} - 1} \mathbb{E}\|\boldsymbol{X}\|_{F} - \left[\frac{\sqrt{\pi \log(d-r)}}{2^{L-1} - 1} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi \log r}}{2^{H-1} - 1}\right] \mathbb{E}\|\boldsymbol{X}\boldsymbol{P}_{h}\|_{F}.$$
 (6)

Full proof of Theorem 2.2 is in Appendix B. Theorem 2.2 bounds the quantization error, which can be minimized by maximizing  $||XP_h||_F$ . This occurs when  $P_h$  consists of top eigenvectors of covariance matrix of activations  $XX^{\top}$ . Thus, the low rank space for high precision quantization can be obtained by means of PCA. To facilitate that, we obtained  $XX^{\top}$  using a calibration dataset and perform PCA to obtain  $P_h$ . Note that this is done offline and once obtained,  $P_h$  does not change. The subspace for low-precision quantization can be obtained using  $U_hU_h^{\top} + U_lU_l^{\top} = P_hP_h^{\top} + P_lP_l^{\top} = I$  (because  $R_i$  is orthogonal). If we construct P by taking eigenvectors of  $XX^{\top}$  arranged in *increasing* order of eigenvalues, the last r columns of such a P would correspond to  $P_h$  and the first d - r columns would correspond to  $P_l$ . The distribution of activation after before and after projection is given in Figure 1(a).

#### 2.3 INFERENCE COMPUTATION WITH OPTIMIZED PROJECTIONS

Once projection matrices are obtained, activations and weights are projected using U. Weights are projected and quantized offline, while activation projections are merged into the previous layer's weights for efficiency. Decoder-based LLMs require four projections (Figure 2):  $U_A$  (hidden dim),  $U_B, U_C$  (attention head dim), and  $U_D$  (FFN hidden dim).

**Block Boundary Projections** Activations for attention and FFN are projected via  $U_A$  by right-multiplying the final linear layer weights (o\_proj in attention, down\_proj in FFN),

incurring no extra inference cost. To ensure numerical invariance, the first linear layers  $(q_proj|k_proj|v_proj$  in attention,  $up_proj|gate_proj$  in FFN) are pre-multiplied with  $U_A^{\top}$ . Embedding and final head weights are also adjusted for residual stream projection.

Attention Block Projections  $U_B, U_C$  project activations within the attention block (Figure 2b). Post-multiplying the value projection layer by  $U_B$  ensures optimal KV cache quantization, requiring o\_proj weights to be pre-multiplied by  $U_B^{\dagger}$  for numerical invariance.  $U_C$  optimally quantizes keys by projecting both query and key, preserving the attention dot product:

$$\boldsymbol{q}_{\text{proj}}\boldsymbol{K}_{\text{proj}}^{\top} = (\boldsymbol{q}\boldsymbol{U}_C)(\boldsymbol{U}_C^{\top}\boldsymbol{K}^{\top}) = \boldsymbol{q}\boldsymbol{K}^{\top}.$$
(7)

Since  $U_C$  cannot be merged due to RoPE, the projection is explicitly computed at runtime, but made more efficient by applying uniform precision quantization to  $U_C$  and corresponding inputs.

**FFN Block Projections**  $U_D$  enhances FFN activation quantization (Figure 2c).  $U_D^{\top}$  is leftmultiplied with down\_proj weights, but due to activation functions,  $U_D$  cannot be merged with preceding layers and is also computed at runtime. Since FFN hidden dimensions ( $d_{\text{FFN}}$ ) are 3–4× the embedding size, direct multiplication with  $U_D$  is costly. To reduce overhead,  $U_D$  is set as a Hadamard matrix for efficient transforms, while down\_proj weights and activations are uniformly quantized to low precision.

## **3** EXPERIMENTS

#### 3.1 Setup

**Models, Tasks, Datasets, and Baselines** We evaluate ResQ on Llama 3 (Meta, 2024b), Llama 3.2 (Meta, 2024a), Qwen2.5 (Yang et al., 2024a), and multi-modal Qwen2 VL models (Wang et al., 2024). Baselines include GPTQ (Frantar et al., 2022), QuaRot (Ashkboos et al., 2024c), QUIK (Ashkboos et al., 2024b), SpinQuant (Liu et al., 2024a), and SmoothQuant+, a stronger baseline created by combining SmoothQuant (Xiao et al., 2023) with GPTQ following Sharify et al. (2024). We assess quantization on *language modeling* (Wikitext (Merity et al., 2016)), *reasoning* (average 0-shot accuracy on Arc-c/e (Clark et al., 2018), BoolQ (Clark et al., 2019), HellaSwag (Zellers et al., 2019), Openbook QA (Mihaylov et al., 2018), PIQA (Bisk et al., 2020), SIQA (Sap et al., 2019), WinoGrande (Sakaguchi et al., 2021)), *understanding* (MMLU (Hendrycks et al., 2021)), *math* (GSM8K (Cobbe et al., 2021)), *summarization* (samsum, qmsum from Long-Bench (Bai et al., 2024)).

**Implementation details** We implement ResQ using the HuggingFace Transformers library (Wolf et al., 2020) with PyTorch (Paszke et al., 2019). We share a single  $U_A$  across all layers, while  $U_B$ ,  $U_C$  and  $U_D$  are generated per layer. Following SpinQuant (Liu et al., 2024a), we use pertoken asymmetric activation quantization, per-channel symmetric weight quantization, and per-head asymmetric KV cache quantization. Projection matrices  $U_A$ ,  $U_B$ ,  $U_D$  are fused into weights, with GPTQ (Frantar et al., 2022) applied for weight quantization. To enable efficient on-the-fly projections,  $U_D$  is a Hadamard matrix, and  $U_C$  and its activations are quantized to 8-bit. The full process runs on a single NVIDIA A100, taking 35 minutes for Meta-Llama-3-8B. See Appendix C for details.

#### 3.2 RESULTS

Language modeling, understanding, and reasoning tasks The results are presented in Table 1. We see that ResQ reduces the gap to 16-bit performance and outperforms the quantization baselines across all tasks on all models. Particularly, on Llama 3/3.2 family of models, ResQ outperforms SpinQuant by achieving 4-33% lower Wikitext perplexity, 0.1-5.4% better average 0-shot accuracy and a 1-14.5% better accuracy on MMLU benchmark without any additional training. For the Qwen-2.5 model family, all other baselines fail to achieve competitive results, and ResQ significantly outperforms them. Compared with QUIK, another mixed precision quantization approach, ResQ achieves 42-50% better Wikitext perplexity, 5.8-12.3% better average zero shot accuracy and 4.3-24.5% better MMLU accuracy over all models. Full results in App. D.

Table 1: Perplexity on Wikitext, average 0-shot common sense reasoning accuracy, and average 0-shot MMLU accuracy at W/A/KV = 4-bit. \*: Mixed precision with 1/8 channels in 8-bit for W/A/KV = 4.5-bit.  $\uparrow$ : higher is better,  $\downarrow$ : lower is better. Full results in Appendix D.

|           |       |            | Llama 3 |           |            |      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-----------|-------|------------|---------|-----------|------------|------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|           |       | ta-Llama-3 |         |           | ta-Llama-3 |      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Method    | Wiki  | Reasoning  | MMLU    | Wiki      | Reasoning  | MMLU |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|           | (↓)   | (†)        | (†)     | (↓)       | (†)        | (†)  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16-bit    | 6.1   | 67.1       | 63.1    | 2.9       | 73.1       | 75.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RTN       | 218.9 | 39.3       | 23.6    | 452.7     | 45.5       | 23.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| GPTQ      | 166.3 | 39.8       | 23.3    | 1.2e4     | 34.9       | 25.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SQ+       | 78.2  | 42.5       | 24.7    | -         | -          | -    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| QUIK*     | 14.2  | 51.6       | 32.7    | 8.0       | 58.2       | 51.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| QuaRot    | 7.8   | 62.1       | 53.2    | 5.7       | 67.6       | 65.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SpinQuant | 7.4   | 63.8       | 56.2    | 6.2       | 65.7       | 59.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ResQ*     | 7.1   | 63.9       | 57.2    | 4.1       | 71.1       | 73.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Llama 3.2 |       |            |         |           |            |      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|           |       | Llama-3.2- |         |           | Llama-3.2- |      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Method    | Wiki  | Reasoning  | MMLU    | Wiki      | Reasoning  | MMLU |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|           | (↓)   | (†)        | (†)     | (↓)       | (†)        | (†)  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16-bit    | 9.8   | 54.9       | 36.9    | 7.8       | 62.7       | 54.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RTN       | 329.1 | 38.1       | 23.8    | 268.8     | 38.7       | 25.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| GPTQ      | 108.9 | 38.0       | 24.9    | 178.3     | 40.3       | 24.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SQ+       | 228.9 | 38.0       | 24.1    | 96.1 39.0 |            | 25.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| QUIK*     | 21.8  | 44.3       | 25.1    | 15.8 48.8 |            | 31.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| QuaRot    | 14.3  | 49.0       | 25.5    | 10.1      | 56.1       | 42.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SpinQuant | 13.6  | 48.8       | 25.6    | 9.2       | 57.9       | 44.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ResQ*     | 12.4  | 50.1       | 29.4    | 8.8       | 59.0       | 49.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|           |       |            | Qwen2.5 |           |            |      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|           |       | Qwen2.5-3  |         |           | Qwen2.5-7  |      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Method    | Wiki  | Reasoning  | MMLU    | Wiki      | Reasoning  | MMLU |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|           | (↓)   | (†)        | (†)     | (↓)       | (†)        | (†)  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16-bit    | 8.0   | 63.8       | 66.1    | 3.9       | 73.4       | 84.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RTN       | 3.9e4 | 35.1       | 23.4    | 4.5e4     | 34.3       | 24.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| GPTQ      | 9.9e3 | 35.1       | 23.2    | 3.8e4     | 34.5       | 23.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SQ+       | 7.3e4 | 34.8       | 23.9    | -         | -          | -    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| QUÌK*     | 15.5  | 51.2       | 39.4    | 8.3       | 61.9       | 69.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| QuaRot    | 68.8  | 47.7       | 28.9    | 4.9       | 70.3       | 80.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ResQ*     | 9.0   | 61.1       | 61.2    | 4.6       | 72.0       | 81.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 2: Comparison of performance of quantization approaches on generative tasks at precisions of W/A/KV = 4-bit. \*: Mixed precision with 1/8 channels in 8-bit for W/A/KV = 4.5-bit.  $\uparrow$ : higher is better.

| Model   | Method    | GSM8K 5    | -shot (†) | Lo    | ngBench ( | (†)    |
|---------|-----------|------------|-----------|-------|-----------|--------|
| wiouei  | Wiethou   | flexible-e | strict-m  | qmsum | samsum    | repo-p |
|         | 16-bit    | 51.0       | 50.6      | 23.9  | 44.8      | 66.4   |
| Meta-   | QUIK*     | 2.3        | 0.0       | 10.5  | 25.2      | 37.6   |
| Llama   | QuaRot    | 27.6       | 27.1      | 22.0  | 43.8      | 60.6   |
| -3-8B   | SpinQuant | 29.8       | 29.6      | 23.0  | 43.9      | 62.6   |
|         | ResQ*     | 33.6       | 33.2      | 23.1  | 44.1      | 62.3   |
|         | 16-bit    | 25.1       | 24.9      | 23.1  | 43.0      | 64.4   |
|         | QUIK*     | 2.5        | 0.0       | 15.9  | 31.7      | 30.9   |
| Llama   | QuaRot    | 10.1       | 9.1       | 20.6  | 39.5      | 56.8   |
| -3.2-8B | SpinQuant | 11.6       | 11.4      | 21.7  | 41.9      | 59.1   |
|         | ResQ*     | 17.1       | 16.7      | 21.7  | 43.0      | 61.5   |

Table 3: 0-shot MMMU accuracy (higher is better) of vision language models when quantized using various approaches. \*: Mixed precision with 1/8 channels in 8-bit and rest in 4-bit.

|             |          | Mo           | del          |
|-------------|----------|--------------|--------------|
| W/A/KV      | Method   | Qwen2-VL     | Qwen2-VL     |
|             |          | -2B-Instruct | -7B-Instruct |
| 16/16/16    | Baseline | 39.6         | 51.6         |
| 4/4/4       | RTN -    | 25.0         | 26.7         |
|             | GPTQ     | 27.7         | 24.9         |
|             | QuaRot   | 24.0         | 24.5         |
| 4.5/4.5/4.5 | QUIK*    | 26.3         | 28.9         |
| 4.3/4.3/4.3 | ResQ*    | 29.7         | 47.0         |
|             | RTN      | 24.9         | 25.2         |
| 4/8/4       | GPTQ     | 23.4         | 24.3         |
|             | QuaRot   | 26.5         | 24.5         |
| 1 5 10 11 5 | QUIK*    | 28.4         | 26.4         |
| 4.5/8/4.5   | ResQ*    | 34.0         | 48.8         |

**Generative tasks** We evaluate ResQ on auto-regressive tasks, including GSM8K (math), dialogue summarization (qmsum, samsum), and code completion (repobench-p, Table 2), to assess generation across domains. On the challenging GSM8K benchmark where QUIK fails to produce meaningful results, ResQ outperforms SpinQuant by 3.8% and 5.5% on the 8B and 3B parameter model respectively, closing the gap to the 16-bit baseline. On LongBench evaluation tasks, ResQ demonstrates competitive performance and outperforms SpinQuant without any additional training.

**Multi-modal understanding** We benchmark the quantization approaches on vision language models (VLMs) by quantizing Qwen2 VL family and evaluating their performance on MMMU (Table 3, Yue et al. 2024). Only the language model is quantized while the vision encoder remains in 16-bit as the language model has many more parameters (over  $10 \times$ for Qwen2-VL-7B-Instruct). ResQ outperforms baselines on both 2B and 7B models, achieving superior accuracy and demonstrating its generalizability. Results for individual MMMU tasks are provided in Appendix E.

**Iso-bitwidth comparison** We also compare ResQ with QuaRot Ashkboos et al. (2024c) and SpinQuant Liu et al. (2024a) under iso-bitwidth settings of W/A/KV = 4-bit. To enable average 4-bit in ResQ, we refer to construction of projection matrix P which is formed by obtaining eigen vectors of activations in *increasing* order Table 4: Perplexity on Wikitext, average 0-shot common sense reasoning accuracy, and average 0-shot MMLU accuracy at iso-bitwidth W/A/KV = 4-bit.  $\uparrow$ : higher is better,  $\downarrow$ : lower is better. Full results in Appendix F.

|           | Ç      | wen2.5-1.  | 5B   |             | Qwen2.5-3 | B    |  |  |  |
|-----------|--------|------------|------|-------------|-----------|------|--|--|--|
| Method    | Wiki   | Reasoning  | MMLU | Wiki        | Reasoning | MMLU |  |  |  |
|           | (↓)    | (†)        | (†)  | (↓)         | (†)       | (†)  |  |  |  |
| QuaRot    | 6599.9 | 38.3       | 23.5 | 68.8        | 47.7      | 28.9 |  |  |  |
| SpinQuant | 5938.3 | 38.1       | 23.7 | 70.6        | 48.6      | 32.8 |  |  |  |
| ResQ      | 187.3  | 46.6       | 27.2 | 9.8         | 59.1      | 52.2 |  |  |  |
|           |        | Qwen2.5-7  | В    |             | Qwen2.5-1 | 4B   |  |  |  |
| Method    | Wiki   | Reasoning  | MMLU | Wiki        | Reasoning | MMLU |  |  |  |
|           | (↓)    | (†)        | (†)  | (↓)         | (†)       | (†)  |  |  |  |
| QuaRot    | 4035.9 | 38.4       | 24.1 | 6.8         | 67.1      | 70.9 |  |  |  |
| SpinQuant | 3395.4 | 38.6       | 24.3 | 6.6         | 67.4      | 70.1 |  |  |  |
| ResQ      | 34.2   | 56.2       | 58.0 | 6.5         | 67.5      | 71.3 |  |  |  |
|           | (      | Qwen2.5-32 | 2B   | Qwen2.5-72B |           |      |  |  |  |
| Method    | Wiki   | Reasoning  | MMLU | Wiki        | Reasoning | MMLU |  |  |  |
|           | (↓)    | (†)        | (†)  | (↓)         | (†)       | (†)  |  |  |  |
| QuaRot    | 6.1    | 67.8       | 77.0 | 4.9         | 70.3      | 80.1 |  |  |  |
| SpinQuant | 6.0    | 67.9       | 77.6 | -           | -         | -    |  |  |  |
| ResQ      | 5.9    | 69.1       | 77.9 | 4.9         | 71.1      | 80.1 |  |  |  |

of eigen values (sec. 2.2). We keep first 1/8 channels corresponding to eigen vectors with lowest



Figure 3: (a) Per block prefill speedup of ResQ and INT4 kernel on NVIDIA RTX 3090 over 16-bit floating point baseline for batch size of 1. (b) Ablation study on changing rank of high precision subspace for Llama-3.2-3B

eigen value of P in 2-bit, last 1/8 channels corresponding to top eigen vectors of P in 6-bit, and the remaining channels in 4-bit. Within each quantization group (2-bit, 4-bit, 6-bit) we apply random rotation to minimize quantization error. Inference with these modified projection matrices remains unchanged. Table 4 shows comparison with QuaRot and SpinQuant for Qwen-2.5 family of models. For each model size, ResQ outperforms both QuaRot and SpinQuant on variety of language modeling, understanding and reasoning benchmarks. Specifically, on challenging MMLU benchmark ResQ achieves upto 34% absolute improvement in performance. Task wise results on reasoning and MMLU benchmarks are provided in Appendix F.

**Hardware Performance** We implement the mixed-precision quantization using CUDA 11.8 and PyTorch. We use CUTLASS Thakkar et al. (2023) to perform INT4 and INT8 GEMM operations on TensorCore. On NVIDIA RTX 3090 GPU, representative of resource constrained setting, we achieve about  $1.61 \times$  to  $3.03 \times$  speedup with ResQ over 16-bit baseline for a single decoder block tested across several language models (Figure 3). We observe higher speedup on larger models and smaller sequence lengths. Compared with INT4 implementation, ResQ kernel is only 14% slower on average across models and sequence lengths demonstrating minimal overhead associated with mixed precision computations and on-the-fly projections introduced in ResQ.

**Rank of high-precision subspace** ResQ allows for seemless trade-off between accuracy and performance by modulating the rank r of high precision subspace (Figure 3(b)). Increasing the rank improves perplexity albeit at the cost of increased computations in high precision.

# 4 CONCLUSION

We introduce ResQ, a novel mixed-precision, accelerator-friendly PTQ technique toward 4-bit quantization of large language models. ResQ projects weight, activation, and KV cache tensors to subspaces spanned by principal components, quantizing a low-rank ( $^{1}/_{8}$  of hidden dimension) highvariance subspace to 8-bit and the rest to 4-bit. ResQ outperforms both uniform- and mixedprecision quantization methods. We demonstrate the effectiveness of ResQ across a variety of tasks—including language modeling, language understanding, common-sense reasoning, language generation and multi modal understanding—using the Llama and Qwen models. Compared to Spin-Quant, the strongest baseline, ResQ achieves up to 33% lower perplexity on the WikiText dataset without requiring any additional training and offers up to  $3.03 \times$  speedup over the 16-bit baseline.

## ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The authors would like to thank Wanzin Yazar and Tristan Webb for infrastructure and technical assistance and Zifei Xu for helpful discussions. This work was supported by the Center for the Co-Design of Cognitive Systems (COCOSYS), a DARPA sponsored JUMP center of Semiconductor Research Corporation (SRC), Intel, SRC AIHW Program.

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# A RELATED WORKS

### A.1 QUANTIZATION OF LLMS

Quantization reduces model size and accelerates inference by lowering neural network bit precision (Choi et al., 2018; Hubara et al., 2021; Yao et al., 2022; Park et al., 2022; Gholami et al., 2022; Xi et al., 2023). It is broadly categorized into two categories: uniform precision quantization (UPQ) and mixed precision quantization (MPQ). Uniform precision quantization (UPQ) applies the same bit-width across all layers, simplifying implementation but neglecting layer-specific sensitivity to quantization. Weight-only UPQ methods reduce storage by compressing weights, using techniques like Hessian-guided rounding (GPTQ, Frantar et al. 2022), adaptive rounding (QuIP, Chee et al. 2024), channel-wise scaling (AWQ, Lin et al. 2024c), and multi-codebook quantization (AQLM, Egiazarian et al. 2024). However, these methods struggle with batch processing due to significant activation memory overhead. Weight-activation UPQ compresses both weights and activations to address this. Methods such as SmoothQuant (Xiao et al., 2023) and OmniQuant (Shao et al., 2023) scale activations and weights to handle outliers, while RPTQ (Yuan et al., 2023a), QLLM (Liu et al., 2023a), and QServe (Lin et al., 2024d) employ channel-level strategies like clustering and reordering. Rotation-based methods such as QuaRot (Ashkboos et al., 2024c), SpinQuant (Liu et al., 2024a) and DuQuant Lin et al. (2024b) further enhance robustness in low-precision scenarios. KV cache UPQ reduces memory for large batches or long contexts. FlexGen (Sheng et al., 2023) employs 4-bit quantization and memory offloading, while KIVI (Liu et al., 2024b) uses asymmetric 2-bit quantization for compression, enabling efficient inference.

**Mixed precision quantization (MPQ)** optimizes bit-widths by adapting to the sensitivity of weights and activations, achieving better accuracy than UPQ at similar compression rates. *Our proposed method, ResQ, follows the MPQ approach.* Weight-only MPQ has advanced efficiency for memory-bound applications with minimal activation demands. Methods like OWQ (Lee et al., 2024) and SpQR (Dettmers et al., 2023) mitigate activation outliers' impact by retaining critical features in full precision, while SqueezeLLM (Kim et al., 2023) employs Dense-and-Sparse decomposition to efficiently store sensitive weights. Weight-activation MPQ enhances efficiency by addressing activation outliers (e.g. Guan et al. 2024; Zeng et al. 2024). Methods like LLM.int8() (Dettmers et al., 2022) and QUIK(Ashkboos et al., 2024b) preserve critical activations with mixed or low-precision decompositions, while Atom (Zhao et al., 2024) and SliM-LLM (Huang et al., 2024) optimize quantization through channel reordering and salience-driven bit allocation. KV cache MPQ reduces memory usage while preserving precision for critical tokens using techniques like non-uniform quantization, importance-aware precision, and salient token compression (Hooper et al., 2024; Yang et al., 2024b; Dong et al., 2024; He et al., 2024). Alternatively, GEAR quantizes all tokens' KV cache and maintains low-rank quantization error (Kang et al., 2024).

#### A.2 LOW-RANK DECOMPOSITION

Low-rank decomposition techniques have been widely used in model compression, reducing dimensionality while maintaining performance. For instance, SliceGPT Ashkboos et al. (2024a) projects weight matrices onto principal components for sparsification, while ESPACE Sakr & Khailany (2024) reduces activation dimensionality via pre-calibrated projections, achieving inference-time efficiency. Similarly, ASVD Yuan et al. (2023b) introduces an activation-aware decomposition method that incorporates activation distributions into weight decomposition. Additionally, low-rank decomposition can be applied to reduce KV cache size. For example, Eigen Attention Saxena et al. (2024) and ASVD Yuan et al. (2023b) employ low-rank approximations to reduce memory usage in KV caches during attention operations. PALU Chang et al. (2024) introduces learnable projections to adaptively compress KV caches based on the compression budget. Finally, Matryoshka KV Cache refines this with hierarchical orthogonal projections and knowledge distillation Lin et al. (2024a).

## **B PROOF OF THEOREM 2.2**

We begin the proof by introducing the following lemma.

**Lemma B.1.** For any tensor  $\mathbf{R}$  quantized following the quantization described in equation 1, assuming the values of  $\mathbf{R}$  follows a normal distribution, we have

$$\mathbb{E} \|\boldsymbol{R} - Q(\boldsymbol{R})\|_{F} \leq \frac{\sqrt{\pi \log [size(\boldsymbol{R})]}}{2^{n-1} - 1} \mathbb{E} \|\boldsymbol{R}\|_{F}$$
(8)

where  $size(\mathbf{R})$  denotes the number of elements in  $\mathbf{R}$ .

Proof of lemma B.1 can be found in Li et al. (2024). From this lemma we obtain that the quantization error  $||\mathbf{R} - Q(\mathbf{R})||_F$  is bounded by the magnitude of the tensor quantized  $||\mathbf{R}||_F$ . Now for our use case of mixed precision quantization where the low-precision component is quantized to L bits and high precision component is quantized to H bits, we write the quantization error again below,

$$\mathbb{E} \| \boldsymbol{X} - \boldsymbol{X}_{q} \|_{F} = \mathbb{E} \| \boldsymbol{X} \boldsymbol{U}_{l} - Q_{L}(\boldsymbol{X} \boldsymbol{U}_{l}) \|_{F} + \mathbb{E} \| \boldsymbol{X} \boldsymbol{U}_{h} - Q_{H}(\boldsymbol{X} \boldsymbol{U}_{h}) \|_{F}.$$
(9)

The random rotation matrices R ensure that  $XU_l$  and  $XU_h$  are normally distributed by Lemma 2.1. Applying Lemma B.1 to the quantization error in equation 9, we get,

$$\begin{split} \|\boldsymbol{X} - \boldsymbol{X}_{q}\|_{F} &\leq \frac{\sqrt{\log(\operatorname{size}(\boldsymbol{X}\boldsymbol{U}_{l}))\pi}}{2^{L-1} - 1} \mathbb{E}||\boldsymbol{X}\boldsymbol{U}_{l}||_{F} \\ &+ \frac{\sqrt{\log(\operatorname{size}(\boldsymbol{X}\boldsymbol{U}_{h}))\pi}}{2^{H-1} - 1} \mathbb{E}||\boldsymbol{X}\boldsymbol{U}_{h}||_{F} \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{\log(\operatorname{size}(\boldsymbol{X}\boldsymbol{P}_{l}))\pi}}{2^{L-1} - 1} \mathbb{E}||\boldsymbol{X}\boldsymbol{P}_{l}||_{F} \\ &+ \frac{\sqrt{\log(\operatorname{size}(\boldsymbol{X}\boldsymbol{P}_{h}))\pi}}{2^{H-1} - 1} \mathbb{E}||\boldsymbol{X}\boldsymbol{P}_{h}||_{F} \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{\log(\operatorname{size}(\boldsymbol{X}\boldsymbol{P}_{h}))\pi}}{2^{L-1} - 1} \mathbb{E}||\mathbf{X}\boldsymbol{P}_{h}||_{F} \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{\log(\operatorname{size}(\boldsymbol{X}\boldsymbol{P}_{h}))\pi}}{2^{L-1} - 1} \mathbb{E}||\mathbf{t}r(\boldsymbol{X}\boldsymbol{P}_{l}\boldsymbol{P}_{l}^{\top}\boldsymbol{X}^{\top})||_{F} \\ &+ \frac{\sqrt{\log(\operatorname{size}(\boldsymbol{X}\boldsymbol{P}_{h})\pi}}{2^{H-1} - 1} \mathbb{E}||\mathbf{t}r(\boldsymbol{X}\boldsymbol{P}_{h}\boldsymbol{P}_{h}^{\top}\boldsymbol{X}^{\top})||_{F} \end{split}$$

We know size $(\mathbf{X}\mathbf{P}_l) = d - r$  and size $(\mathbf{X}\mathbf{P}_h) = r$  since r components are in high precision. With  $\mathbf{P}_l\mathbf{P}_L^\top + \mathbf{P}_h\mathbf{P}_h^\top = \mathbf{I}$ , we have

$$\|\boldsymbol{X} - \boldsymbol{X}_{q}\|_{F} \leq \frac{\sqrt{\log(d-\mathbf{r})\pi}}{2^{L-1}-1} (\mathbb{E}\|\boldsymbol{X}\|_{F} - \mathbb{E}\|\boldsymbol{X}\boldsymbol{P}_{h}\|_{F}) + \frac{\sqrt{\log(\mathbf{r})\pi}}{2^{H-1}-1} \mathbb{E}\|\boldsymbol{X}\boldsymbol{P}_{h}\|_{F} = \frac{\sqrt{\log(d-\mathbf{r})\pi}}{2^{L-1}-1} \mathbb{E}\|\boldsymbol{X}\|_{F} - (\frac{\sqrt{\log(d-\mathbf{r})\pi}}{2^{L-1}-1} - \frac{\sqrt{\log(\mathbf{r})\pi}}{2^{H-1}-1})\mathbb{E}\|\boldsymbol{X}\boldsymbol{P}_{h}\|_{F}$$
(11)

Since  $\frac{\sqrt{\log(d-r)\pi}}{2^{L-1}-1} - \frac{\sqrt{\log(r)\pi}}{2^{H-1}-1} > 0$  the quantization error is reduced by maximizing  $\|\boldsymbol{X}\boldsymbol{P}_h\|_F$ 

# C ADDITIONAL IMPLEMENTATION DETAILS

In this work, obtaining the projection matrices and quantization of weights for **all the models** is performed on a single NVIDIA A100 80GB GPUs. Time taken by ResQ compared with other approaches is shown in Table **??**. Evaluation on various benchmarks for all the models is also done on a single NVIDIA A100 GPU with the sole exception of Meta-Llama-3-70b which requires 4 GPUs for evaluation. We use lm\_evaluation\_harness version 0.4.5 Gao et al. (2024) and LongBench Bai et al. (2024) for all the evaluation tasks. For Arc-c/e, Hellaswag, OpenBook QA, PIQA tasks we report acc\_norm while for BoolQ, SIQA and Winogrande we report acc.

For calibration data, we use 512 randomly choses samples for Wikitext to obtain the projection matrices. While for GPTQ we use 128 randomly choses samples from Wiktiext following the original work Frantar et al. (2022).

The KV cache, as well as the weights and activations of all Linear layers (except mlp.down\_proj), are quantized to 4-bit precision, with  $\frac{1}{8}$  of channels retained in 8-bit precision. While, the weights and activations within down\_proj are uniformly quantized to 4-bit precision. Following Ashkboos et al. (2024c) and Liu et al. (2024a), we keep query vector in 16-bit.

# D COMPLETE RESULTS OF MAIN RESULT TABLES

Detailed results of Table 1 in the main paper, including more models and task-by-task performance, are shown in Tables 5 (Llama families) and 6 (Qwen2.5 family). As expected, ResQ achieves superior performance to baselines across the series of common sense reasoning and MMLU tasks.

# E COMPLETE RESULTS OF THE MMMU BENCHMARK

This section presents task-by-task results for the MMMU benchmark across six subjects—Art & Design, Business, Science, Health & Medicine, Humanities & Social Science, and Tech & Engineering—for the Qwen2 VL family when quantized to W/A/KV = 4/4/4 bits and W/A/KV = 4/8/4 bits of precision. ResQ and QUIK Ashkboos et al. (2024b) keep 1/8 channels in 8-bit for average 4.5-bits. On average, ResQ consistently outperforms all baselines across different models. Notably, the advantage of ResQ becomes more pronounced with larger models. For instance, for Qwen2-VL-7B-Instruct at W/A/KV = 4.5/8/4.5 bits of precision, ResQ achieves an average accuracy score of 48.8, significantly outperforming the next-best method, QUIK, which scores 26.4, representing an ~ 85% relative improvement.

# F COMPLETE RESULTS OF ISO-BITWIDTH COMPARISON

Detailed results of Table 4 in the main paper are shown in Tables 8. ResQ achieves superior performance to baselines across the series of common sense reasoning and MMLU tasks.

Table 5: Comparison of perplexity on Wikitext, accuracy on eight 0-shot common sense reasoning tasks including ARC-challenge, ARC-easy, BoolQ, HellaSwag, Openbook QA, PIQA, SIQA, and WinoGrande, and 0-shot massive multitask language understanding tasks across four subjects: STEM, Humanities, Social Sciences, and MMLU-other, for the Llama 2, Llama 3 and Llama 3.2 families when quantized to W/A/KV = 4/4/4 bits. Results of all techniques were obtained using their official codebase. \*: Mixed precision with 1/8 channels in 8-bit for W/A/KV = 4.5-bit. All techniques except RTN use GPTQ Frantar et al. (2022). ( $\downarrow$ ): lower is better, ( $\uparrow$ ): higher is better.

|                  |                 |                            |              |              | Lla          | ama 2 fam      | ily         |              |                  |        |              |             |              |              |              |             |
|------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|--------------|------------------|--------|--------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|
|                  | 1               | Perplexity                 | 1            |              | 0-sho        | t common       | sense rea   | soning ta    | sks              |        |              | 1           | 0-shot 1     | MMLU tas     | ks           |             |
| Model            | Method          | Wiki                       | ARC-c        | ARC-e        | BoolO        | HellaS         |             | PIQA         | SIQA             | WinoG  | Avg.         | humanities  | Other        | SocialS      | STEM         | Avg.        |
|                  |                 | (4)                        | (†)          | (†)          | (†)          | (†)            | (†)         | Ò            | (Ť)              | (↑)    | (Ť)          | (↑)         | (†)          | (†)          | (†)          | (†)         |
|                  | 16-bit          | 5.5                        | 46.3         | 74.6         | 77.8         | 75.9           | 44.2        | 79.2         | 46.1             | 69.1   | 64.1         | 38.9        | 45.9         | 46.0         | 33.4         | 41.1        |
|                  | RTN             | - 1766.2 - 1               | - 26.3       | 27.8         | 54.8         | - 29.4         | 25.8        | 31.0         | - 35.0-          | 48.7   | 37.4         | 24.5        | - 24.7 ·     | 22.9         | 22.2         | 23.6        |
|                  | GPTQ            | 9600.0                     | 24.8         | 31.4         | 55.4         | 30.6           | 25.6        | 55.8         | 34.2             | 53.3   | 38.9         | 24.7        | 24.5         | 22.7         | 23.2         | 23.8        |
|                  | SmoothQuant+    | 15.4                       | 29.3         | 47.1         | 56.8         | 48.6           | 31.8        | 65.5         | 37.2             | 52.4   | 46.1         | 25.0        | 24.5         | 24.1         | 23.4         | 24.2        |
| Llama-2-7b-hf    | OUIK*           | 7.5                        | 39.8         | 63.7         | 68.9         | 68.3           | 37.8        | 72.9         | 42.1             | 62.4   | 57.0         | 26.9        | 29.6         | 28.8         | 25.8         | 27.8        |
|                  | QuaRot          | 6.1                        | 41.5         | 71.4         | 73.2         | 73.2           | 40.6        | 76.9         | 43.6             | 65.6   | 60.7         | 31.2        | 35.1         | 34.6         | 28.2         | 32.3        |
|                  | SpinOuant       | 6.0                        | 43.6         | 71.3         | 73.8         | 73.2           | 40.4        | 76.0         | 44.1             | 65.4   | 61.0         | 33.9        | 38.5         | 37.5         | 29.5         | 34.8        |
|                  | ResQ*           | 5.8                        | 44.0         | 72.6         | 75.3         | 74.0           | 41.0        | 77.9         | 43.9             | 66.9   | 62.0         | 35.9        | 40.9         | 42.2         | 32.2         | 37.7        |
|                  | 16-bit          | 4.9                        | 49.1         | 77.4         | 80.5         | 79.4           | 45.2        | 80.7         | 47.2             | 72.1   | 66.5         | 47.9        | 59.3         | 61.0         | 42.4         | 52.7        |
|                  | RTN             | 3543.9                     | 22.8         | 29.8         | 40.2         | 26.6           | 27.8        | 51.4         | 35.6             | 50.6   | 33.5         | 23.7        | 25.0         | 23.1         | 22.6         | 23.6        |
|                  | GPTQ            | 3120.0                     | 23.6         | 31.1         | 38.7         | 27.2           | 26.8        | 53.6         | 35.8             | 49.8   | 33.8         | 25.0        | 25.4         | 23.7         | 25.1         | 24.8        |
|                  | SmoothQuant+    | 11.2                       | 34.5         | 55.6         | 62.9         | 62.5           | 32.4        | 70.1         | 38.7             | 55.6   | 51.0         | 25.7        | 26.1         | 27.3         | 27.3         | 26.6        |
| Llama-2-13b-hf   | QUIK*           | 6.8                        | 43.7         | 68.0         | 71.3         | 73.3           | 40.0        | 75.7         | 45.1             | 64.6   | 60.2         | 34.7        | 40.6         | 39.8         | 31.8         | 36.7        |
|                  | QuaRot          | 5.4                        | 46.9         | 74.9         | 76.6         | 75.8           | 42.6        | 79.1         | 45.5             | 69.0   | 63.8         | 43.8        | 53.6         | 54.0         | 39.4         | 47.7        |
|                  | SpinQuant       | 5.2                        | 49.0         | 76.3         | 78.2         | 77.1           | 42.8        | 79.3         | 46.3             | 69.5   | 64.8         | 43.5        | 53.1         | 55.4         | 39.1         | 47.8        |
|                  | ResQ*           | 5.1                        | 49.1         | 76.1         | 79.7         | 77.9           | 43.6        | 79.1         | 46.6             | 69.9   | 65.2         | 45.3        | 56.0         | 58.0         | 41.0         | 50.1        |
|                  |                 |                            |              |              | Li           | ama 3 fam      | ilv         |              |                  |        |              |             |              |              |              |             |
|                  | 1               | Perplexity                 | 1            |              |              |                | sense rea   | soning ta    | sks              |        |              |             | 0-shot 1     | MMLU tas     | ks           |             |
| Model            | Method          | Wiki                       | ARC-c        | ARC-e        | BoolO        | HellaS         | OBOA        | PIOA         | SIQA             | WinoG  | Avg.         | humanities  | Other        | SocialS      | STEM         | Avg.        |
|                  | linemou         | (4)                        | (1)          | (↑)          | (1)          | (1)            | (1)         | (1)          | (1)              | (1)    | (1)          | (1)         | (1)          | (†)          | (1)          | (1)         |
|                  | 16-bit          | 6.1                        | 53.2         | 77.1         | 81.1         | 79.2           | 44.8        | 80.9         | 47.0             | 73.4   | 67.1         | 55.0        | 70.6         | 73.2         | 53.7         | 63.1        |
|                  |                 | 218.9                      | - 25.3       | 34.9         | - 44.2       | - 38.3         | - 27.8      | - 56.5       | - 36.8           | - 50.8 | 39.3         |             | - 25.1       | 23.3         | 21.4         | 23.6        |
|                  | GPTO            | 166.3                      | 24.7         | 37.7         | 44.3         | 36.8           | 27.0        | 57.6         | 36.4             | 53.8   | 39.8         | 24.7        | 23.9         | 22.8         | 21.8         | 23.3        |
| Meta-Llama-3-8B  | SmoothOuant+    | 78.2                       | 27.5         | 42.0         | 50.7         | 44.9           | 28.8        | 59.0         | 35.9             | 50.9   | 42.5         | 25.4        | 25.5         | 24.5         | 23.4         | 24.7        |
|                  | OUIK*           | 14.2                       | 33.6         | 56.4         | 60.5         | 61.5           | 33.2        | 68.7         | 39.9             | 59.0   | 51.6         | 30.0        | 34.0         | 34.8         | 32.1         | 32.7        |
|                  | QuaRot          | 7.8                        | 45.1         | 70.4         | 73.8         | 74.7           | 42.6        | 76.6         | 45.1             | 68.5   | 62.1         | 47.8        | 59.1         | 61.4         | 44.3         | 53.2        |
|                  | SpinQuant       | 7.4                        | 48.0         | 75.4         | 75.8         | 75.4           | 43.8        | 77.5         | 45.0             | 69.2   | 63.8         | 49.8        | 63.3         | 65.0         | 46.8         | 56.2        |
|                  | ResO*           | 7.1                        | 49.2         | 75.0         | 72.5         | 76.5           | 43.0        | 78.3         | 45.8             | 71.0   | 63.9         | 50.6        | 64.4         | 65.8         | 48.1         | 57.2        |
|                  | 16-bit          | 2.9                        | 64.2         | 85.9         | 85.3         | 84.9           | 48.6        | 84.4         | 50.8             | 80.6   | 73.1         | 67.6        | 81.5         | 86.8         | 68.4         | 76.1        |
|                  |                 | 452.7                      | - 32.6       | - 50.3       | - 54.2       | - 41.3         | 31.6 -      | 64.8         | - 35.9           | 53.2   | 45.5         | 24.5        | - 23.8       | 22.3         | - 22.1       | 23.2        |
|                  | GPTQ            | 11655.0                    | 25.9         | 26.0         | 37.9         | 26.2           | 28.6        | 50.4         | 34.3             | 49.9   | 34.9         | 27.1        | 24.3         | 24.0         | 26.5         | 25.5        |
|                  | SmoothQuant+    |                            |              | 20.0         | -            | 20.2           | 20.0        | -            | -                |        | -            | 27.1        | 21.0         | 21.0         | 20.0         | 2010        |
| Meta-Llama-3-70B | OUIK*           | 8.0                        | 44.5         | 68.9         | 60.7         | 75.0           | 36.4        | 76.1         | 43.2             | 60.4   | 58.2         | 46.6        | 56.4         | 58.0         | 43.6         | 51.1        |
|                  | QuaRot          | 5.7                        | 53.7         | 74.5         | 81.6         | 81.1           | 46.6        | 81.0         | 46.8             | 75.2   | 67.6         | 55.7        | 72.5         | 75.8         | 57.3         | 65.3        |
|                  | SpinQuant       | 6.2                        | 52.0         | 77.3         | 81.7         | 75.6           | 43.8        | 78.8         | 43.4             | 72.8   | 65.7         | 50.7        | 67.0         | 68.1         | 51.9         | 59.4        |
|                  | ResQ*           | 4.1                        | 61.4         | 84.3         | 83.9         | 83.5           | 46.0        | 83.1         | 48.6             | 78.3   | 71.1         | 64.9        | 79.9         | 84.9         | 66.1         | 74.0        |
|                  | ResQ            |                            | 01.4         | 04.5         |              | ma 3.2 far     |             | 0.5.1        | 40.0             | 70.0   | /1.1         | 04.7        | 10.0         | 04.7         | 00.1         | 74.0        |
|                  |                 | Demalarita                 |              |              |              |                | sense rea   |              | -le-             |        |              |             | 0            | MMLU tas     | 1            |             |
| Model            | Method          | Perplexity<br>Wiki         | ARC-c        | ARC-e        | BoolQ        | HellaS         | OBQA        | PIQA         |                  | WinoG  | Avg.         | humanities  | Other        | SocialS      | STEM         | A           |
| Woder            | Method          |                            |              |              |              |                |             |              | SIQA             |        |              |             |              |              |              | Avg.        |
|                  | 16-bit          | (↓)<br>9.8                 | (†)<br>36.5  | (†)<br>60.6  | (†)<br>63.4  | (†)<br>63.6    | (†)<br>37.4 | (†)          | (†)<br>42.8      | (†)    | (†)<br>54.9  | (†)<br>34.8 | (†)          | (†)<br>39.9  | (†)<br>32.0  | (†)<br>36.9 |
|                  |                 | <u>9.8</u><br><u>329.1</u> | - 36.5       | 29.9         | - 63.4       |                | 29.4        | - 74.5       | - 42.8<br>- 34.9 | 60.1   | - 38.1       | 24.8        | - 25.2       |              | - 32.0       |             |
|                  | RTN             | 108.9                      |              | 29.9<br>32.7 | 53.4<br>52.3 | - 31.4<br>30.7 | 29.4        | 54.8<br>54.3 | 34.9<br>34.4     | 48.5   | 38.0         | 24.8        | 25.2         | 22.4         | 22.7         | 23.8        |
|                  | GPTQ            |                            | 24.7         |              |              |                |             |              |                  |        |              |             |              |              |              |             |
| Llama-3.2-1B     | SmoothQuant+    | 228.9<br>21.8              | 23.3<br>27.4 | 30.1         | 52.9         | 31.3           | 26.6        | 54.2         | 34.5             | 51.2   | 38.0         | 23.9        | 24.1         | 25.0         | 23.5<br>24.5 | 24.1        |
|                  | QUIK*           |                            |              | 46.0         | 55.0         | 46.0           | 26.4        | 62.4         | 38.6             | 52.6   | 44.3         | 25.6        | 25.6         | 24.6         |              | 25.1        |
|                  | QuaRot          | 14.3                       | 30.0         | 51.4         | 59.1         | 54.0           | 34.2        | 66.7         | 39.6             | 57.1   | 49.0         | 25.4        | 26.9         | 25.4         | 24.4         | 25.5        |
|                  | SpinQuant       | 13.6                       | 32.3         | 51.8         | 59.3         | 55.4           | 30.4        | 67.7         | 38.6             | 54.7   | 48.8         | 25.4        | 27.6         | 24.2         | 25.3         | 25.6        |
|                  | ResQ*           | 12.4                       | 34.0         | 54.2         | 57.0         | 57.3           | 31.2        | 69.4         | 41.0             | 56.8   | 50.1         | 28.3        | 30.5         | 31.3         | 27.6         | 29.4        |
|                  | 16-bit          | 7.8                        | 46.2         | 71.7         | 73.1         | 73.7           | 43.4        | 77.4         | 47.2             | 69.1   | 62.7         | 48.9        | - 62.9       | 62.3         | 45.2         | 54.8        |
|                  | RIN             | 268.8                      | 23.5         | 35.4         | 46.2         | - 35.6         | - 28.2      | - 36.3       | 33.6             | - 50.6 | 38.7         | 25.1        | 25.6         | 27.0         | 24.9         | 25.7        |
|                  | GPTQ            | 178.3                      | 27.0         | 27.0<br>33.1 | 48.8         | 44.4           | 27.8        | 59.1         | 37.1             | 51.5   | 40.3         | 24.9        | 24.5         | 25.7<br>26.4 | 24.0         | 24.8        |
|                  | Commanth Own    |                            |              |              | 47.8         | 37.7           | 25.2        | 56.2         | 35.8             | 50.9   | 39.0         | 25.4        | 26.6         |              | 25.3         | 25.9        |
| Llama-3.2-3B     | SmoothQuant+    | 96.1                       |              |              |              |                | 22.2        | CO 7         | 40.2             | 52.0   |              | 20.0        |              |              |              |             |
| Llama-3.2-3B     | QUIŘ*           | 15.8                       | 32.9         | 50.1         | 52.6         | 59.1           | 33.2        | 68.7         | 40.3             | 53.0   | 48.8         | 29.0        | 33.2         | 31.9         | 30.3         | 31.1        |
| Llama-3.2-3B     | QUIK*<br>QuaRot | 15.8<br>10.1               | 32.9<br>38.6 | 50.1<br>59.0 | 52.6<br>65.9 | 59.1<br>66.5   | 35.8        | 74.4         | 43.1             | 65.2   | 48.8<br>56.1 | 38.5        | 33.2<br>47.3 | 31.9<br>46.7 | 30.3<br>35.3 | 42.0        |
| Llama-3.2-3B     | QUIŘ*           | 15.8                       | 32.9         | 50.1         | 52.6         | 59.1           |             |              |                  |        | 48.8         |             | 33.2         | 31.9         | 30.3         |             |

Table 6: Comparison of perplexity score on Wikitext, accuracy on eight 0-shot common sense reasoning tasks including ARC-challenge, ARC-easy, BoolQ, HellaSwag, Openbook QA, PIQA, SIQA, and WinoGrande, and 0-shot massive multitask language understanding tasks across four subjects: STEM, Humanities, Social Sciences, and MMLU-other, for the Qwen2.5 family when quantized to W/A/KV = 4/4/4 bits. Results of all techniques were obtained using their official codebase. \*: Mixed precision with 1/8 channels in 8-bit for W/A/KV = 4.5-bit. All techniques except RTN use GPTQ Frantar et al. (2022). ( $\downarrow$ ): lower is better, ( $\uparrow$ ): higher is better.

|              |              |              |        |       |         | Qwen2.5 |             |          |          |          |         |            |        |          |      |        |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------|-------|---------|---------|-------------|----------|----------|----------|---------|------------|--------|----------|------|--------|
|              |              | Perplexity   |        |       |         |         | n sense rea |          |          |          |         |            |        | MMLU tas |      |        |
| Model        | Method       | Wiki         | ARC-c  | ARC-e | BoolQ   | HellaS  | OBQA        | PIQA     | SIQA     | WinoG    | Avg.    | humanities | Other  | SocialS  | STEM | Avg    |
|              |              | (↓)          | (†)    | (†)   | (†)     | (†)     | (†)         | (†)      | (†)      | (†)      | (†)     | (†)        | (†)    | (†)      | (†)  | (†)    |
|              | 16-bit       | 13.1         | 31.9   | 58.4  | 62.1    | 52.1    | 35.0        | 69.7     | 44.3     | 57.1     | 51.3    | 42.2       | 53.2   | 55.5     | 41.5 | 48.1   |
|              | RTN          | 23204.3      | - 26.2 | 27.0  | - 39.3- | - 26.0  | - 24.0      | - 30.7   | - 34.5   | 51.5 -   | 34.9    | 24.8       | 24.0   | 22.8     | 24.3 | - 23.9 |
|              | GPTQ         | 16302.3      | 23.7   | 26.9  | 39.0    | 26.5    | 26.4        | 50.2     | 33.4     | 49.6     | 34.5    | 24.1       | 24.8   | 23.5     | 23.0 | 23.9   |
| Qwen2.5-0.5B | SmoothQuant+ | 10053.9      | 25.9   | 26.3  | 39.9    | 27.2    | 25.4        | 47.1     | 35.9     | 49.6     | 34.7    | 24.5       | 24.7   | 21.5     | 22.1 | 23.    |
|              | QUIK*        | 38.6         | 24.5   | 38.6  | 48.0    | 36.9    | 28.4        | 58.1     | 36.4     | 51.9     | 40.4    | 26.3       | 25.9   | 23.6     | 24.2 | 25.    |
|              | QuaRot       | 219.9        | 25.4   | 36.6  | 45.0    | 28.9    | 28.6        | 54.1     | 32.9     | 51.7     | 37.9    | 24.4       | 24.0   | 23.0     | 23.5 | 23.    |
|              | ResQ*        | 29.6         | 27.1   | 44.2  | 53.2    | 38.8    | 28.0        | 61.9     | 34.4     | 51.3     | 42.4    | 26.1       | 27.5   | 25.3     | 26.0 | 26.    |
|              | 16-bit       | 9.3          | 45.1   | 72.1  | 72.9    | 67.7    | 40.2        | 76.3     | 48.8     | 63.7     | 60.8    | 53.5       | 65.5   | 70.6     | 52.8 | 60.    |
|              | RTN          | - 14518.9    | - 23.1 | 27.2  | 43.9    | - 26.8  | - 25.6 -    | - 31.3 - | - 33.4   | - 52.5 - | - 35.5- | 23.8       | - 24.5 | 23.8     | 22.7 | - 23.  |
|              | GPTQ         | 25769.7      | 23.9   | 26.9  | 43.9    | 26.1    | 27.6        | 49.7     | 32.1     | 51.5     | 35.2    | 24.6       | 24.7   | 23.7     | 23.8 | 24.    |
| Qwen2.5-1.5B | SmoothQuant+ | 31655.9      | 25.0   | 26.2  | 39.9    | 26.0    | 26.0        | 50.8     | 32.1     | 49.0     | 34.4    | 25.5       | 24.4   | 22.7     | 22.4 | 23.    |
|              | QUIK*        | 6613.5       | 21.8   | 31.9  | 40.9    | 27.9    | 27.4        | 52.8     | 35.2     | 48.6     | 35.8    | 24.6       | 24.0   | 21.9     | 21.7 | 23.    |
|              | QuaRot       | 6599.9       | 23.6   | 37.3  | 46.2    | 28.6    | 27.0        | 56.3     | 35.2     | 52.4     | 38.3    | 24.5       | 24.3   | 23.0     | 22.4 | 23.    |
|              | ResQ*        | 12.5         | 38.7   | 64.1  | 65.7    | 61.4    | 37.8        | 71.6     | 42.7     | 60.1     | 55.3    | 43.2       | 54.4   | 54.9     | 41.5 | 48.    |
|              | 16-bit       | 8.0          | 47.4   | 73.0  | 77.5    | 73.6    | 42.0        | 78.7     | 49.9     | 68.4     | 63.8    | 56.6       | 71.0   | 76.3     | 60.6 | 66.    |
|              | RTN          | 39033.0      | 25.6   | 25.8  | -41.7   | - 26.3  | 27.4 -      | - 49.5   | - 33.1 - | 51.4 -   | - 35.1- | 24.5       | - 24.4 | 22.8     | 21.9 | - 23.  |
|              | GPTQ         | 9977.8       | 26.0   | 26.7  | 41.5    | 26.7    | 28.2        | 51.5     | 31.9     | 48.3     | 35.1    | 24.3       | 23.8   | 22.8     | 21.8 | 23.    |
| Qwen2.5-3B   | SmoothQuant+ | 73306.7      | 25.4   | 24.5  | 41.0    | 26.4    | 29.8        | 48.4     | 32.4     | 50.4     | 34.8    | 25.6       | 24.7   | 23.1     | 22.4 | 23.    |
|              | QUIK*        | 15.5         | 36.1   | 55.4  | 61.4    | 57.2    | 36.2        | 67.1     | 40.8     | 55.3     | 51.2    | 36.4       | 42.8   | 42.4     | 36.1 | 39.    |
|              | QuaRot       | 68.8         | 32.4   | 53.1  | 51.6    | 49.2    | 33.4        | 66.7     | 39.3     | 56.4     | 47.7    | 28.1       | 32.0   | 28.9     | 26.6 | 28.    |
|              | ResQ*        | 9.0          | 45.3   | 70.5  | 72.7    | 70.2    | 42.4        | 76.8     | 46.7     | 64.4     | 61.1    | 53.1       | 66.5   | 70.5     | 54.8 | 61.    |
| -            | 16-bit       | 6.8          | 51.2   | 77.6  | 84.7    | 78.9    | 47.2        | 80.0     | 54.8     | 73.2     | 68.4    | 62.6       | 76.7   | 82.6     | 70.1 | 73.    |
|              | RTN          | 24382.1      | 24.5   | 26.3  | 37.8    | - 26.0  | - 29.0 -    | - 31.0 - | 34.1     | - 50.1 - | 34.9    | 24.9       | - 24.3 | 23.4     | 24.9 | 24.    |
|              | GPTQ         | 13593.7      | 25.2   | 25.6  | 37.8    | 26.3    | 28.2        | 52.4     | 34.4     | 48.9     | 34.8    | 24.4       | 24.3   | 22.8     | 22.6 | 23.    |
| Qwen2.5-7B   | SmoothQuant+ | 19088.7      | 26.3   | 25.2  | 39.8    | 26.4    | 27.6        | 52.7     | 33.5     | 52.0     | 35.4    | 25.1       | 25.4   | 22.6     | 24.1 | 24.    |
|              | QUIK*        | 260.3        | 29.5   | 42.4  | 51.7    | 36.3    | 28.2        | 59.6     | 34.5     | 49.6     | 41.5    | 24.3       | 26.9   | 23.1     | 23.8 | 24.    |
|              | QuaRot       | 4035.9       | 25.9   | 41.0  | 39.1    | 29.1    | 27.6        | 57.9     | 35.7     | 50.6     | 38.4    | 24.8       | 24.4   | 24.4     | 22.7 | 24.    |
|              | ResQ*        | 8.2          | 49.0   | 74.7  | 81.4    | 75.7    | 45.0        | 78.9     | 49.4     | 68.2     | 65.3    | 57.8       | 74.4   | 79.3     | 64.5 | 69.    |
|              | 16-bit       | 5.3          | 58.8   | 79.4  | 85.4    | 82.9    | 45.4        | 81.9     | 55.3     | 75.8     | 70.6    | 69.9       | 81.9   | 86.2     | 76.5 | 78.    |
|              | RTN          | 2715         | 21.6   | 32.7  | 51.5    | - 29.6  | - 25.8 -    | 52.6     | 33.2     | - 51.7 - | 37.3    | - 25.3     | 23.2   | 26.0     | 25.3 | 24.    |
|              | GPTQ         | 5100.3       | 23.8   | 29.1  | 47.7    | 30.1    | 27.6        | 51.3     | 34.6     | 51.2     | 36.9    | 25.1       | 24.7   | 25.1     | 24.3 | 24.    |
| Qwen2.5-14B  | SmoothQuant+ | 1375.7       | 27.0   | 26.3  | 38.0    | 26.8    | 29.2        | 51.6     | 32.4     | 49.3     | 35.1    | 25.9       | 24.5   | 22.2     | 22.2 | 23.    |
|              | QUIK*        | 10.5         | 45.0   | 67.1  | 64.7    | 68.9    | 37.6        | 74.8     | 43.9     | 59.3     | 57.6    | 48.9       | 61.1   | 64.7     | 51.5 | 56.    |
|              | QuaRot       | 6.8          | 54.8   | 79.6  | 79.9    | 78.7    | 44.0        | 79.5     | 49.9     | 70.7     | 67.1    | 60.9       | 75.1   | 80.2     | 67.3 | 70     |
|              | ResQ*        | 6.2          | 57.6   | 82.1  | 84.9    | 81.1    | 44.8        | 80.5     | 51.7     | 70.6     | 69.2    | 65.2       | 78.4   | 83.4     | 71.5 | 74.    |
|              | 16-bit       | 5.0          | 55.7   | 78.0  | 87.4    | 84.1    | 44.4        | 82.3     | 56.4     | 75.2     | 70.4    | 73.1       | 83.6   | 89.6     | 81.2 | 81.    |
|              | RTN          | - 1847.4 - 1 | 24.3   | 35.3  | 51.4    | - 31.9  | 27.0        | 52.8     | 34.1     | - 51.4 - | 38.5    | 24.5       | 25.1   | 25.3     | 24.3 | 24.    |
|              | GPTQ         | 3891.1       | 25.4   | 35.4  | 48.5    | 31.8    | 27.0        | 53.8     | 35.8     | 50.5     | 38.5    | 25.9       | 24.8   | 23.6     | 24.0 | 24.    |
| Qwen2.5-32B  | SmoothQuant+ | -            | -      | -     | -       | -       | -           | -        | -        | -        | -       | -          | -      | -        | -    | -      |
|              | QUIK*        | 9.6          | 41.0   | 64.6  | 74.9    | 72.0    | 39.6        | 75.8     | 44.5     | 60.2     | 59.1    | 54.7       | 66.8   | 71.3     | 58.8 | 62     |
|              | QuaRot       | 6.1          | 54.5   | 76.1  | 85.1    | 81.5    | 44.2        | 80.1     | 51.3     | 70.4     | 67.9    | 68.5       | 80.0   | 86.0     | 76.0 | 77.    |
|              | ResQ*        | 5.6          | 55.1   | 78.4  | 86.0    | 82.5    | 45.4        | 81.1     | 53.9     | 74.0     | 69.5    | 70.3       | 82.3   | 87.9     | 78.9 | 79.    |
|              | 16-bit       | 3.9          | 62.6   | 83.2  | 89.2    | 86.0    | 46.6        | 83.6     | 58.4     | 77.7     | 73.4    | 77.2       | 86.9   | 90.6     | 82.4 | 84     |
|              | ŔŦŇ          | 45412.7      | 25.9   | 26.3  | 38.0    | - 25.9  | - 25.2 -    | - 50.0   | 34.2     | 48.7     | 34.3    | 25.5       | 24.2   | 23.0     | 23.2 | 24     |
|              | GPTQ         | 37967.2      | 25.4   | 25.8  | 38.1    | 25.6    | 26.6        | 51.2     | 34.2     | 49.4     | 34.5    | 25.1       | 24.0   | 21.9     | 22.2 | 23     |
| Qwen2.5-72B  | SmoothQuant+ | -            | -      | -     | -       | -       | -           | -        | -        | -        | -       | -          | -      | -        | -    | -      |
|              | QUIK*        | 8.3          | 45.1   | 68.1  | 77.2    | 77.2    | 39.0        | 77.4     | 45.6     | 65.6     | 61.9    | 60.2       | 74.3   | 77.5     | 65.3 | 69.    |
|              | QuaRot       | 4.9          | 55.8   | 81.1  | 87.5    | 84.0    | 45.2        | 81.7     | 52.5     | 74.5     | 70.3    | 71.4       | 84.2   | 87.7     | 77.1 | 80.    |
|              | ResQ*        | 4.6          | 58.4   | 80.9  | 88.4    | 84.9    | 48.2        | 82.6     | 55.5     | 77.0     | 72.0    | 72.8       | 84.6   | 89.0     | 79.5 | 81.    |

Table 7: Accuracy (higher is better) on 0-shot massive multi-discipline multimodal understanding and reasoning tasks across six subjects: Art & Design, Business, Science, Health & Medicine, Humanities & Social Science, and Tech & Engineering for the Qwen2 VL Instruct family. Results of all techniques were obtained using their official codebase. Our work ResQ and QUIK Ashkboos et al. (2024b) keep 1/8 of channels in 8-bit for average of 4.5-bit. All techniques except RTN use GPTQ Frantar et al. (2022).

|              |           | Qwen              | 2-VL-2B- | Instruc  | t       |            |      |      |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------------|-----------|-------------------|----------|----------|---------|------------|------|------|--|--|--|--|--|
| W/A/KV (bit) | Method    |                   |          | 0-shot M | MMU tas | ks         |      |      |  |  |  |  |  |
| WIAK (DIL)   | Method    | Art-Design        | Business | Science  | Health  | Humanities | Tech | Avg  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16/16/16     | Baseline  | 56.7              | 36.0     | 37.3     | 50.8    | 26.0       | 31.0 | 39.6 |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |           | - 28.3            | - 18.7 - | 26.0     | 26.7    | 21.3       | 29.1 | 25.0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4/4/4        | GPTQ      | 28.3              | 27.3     | 27.0     | 29.0    | 26.7       | 27.6 | 27.7 |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | QuaRot    | 24.2              | 23.3     | 20.7     | 26.7    | 26.0       | 22.9 | 24.0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4.5/4.5/4.5  | ¯ QŪĪK¯   | 25.8              | 26.0     | 26.7     | 29.2    | 26.0       | 24.3 | 26.3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4.5/4.5/4.5  | ResQ      | 38.3              | 21.3     | 28.7     | 45.0    | 21.3       | 23.3 | 29.7 |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | RTN       | 27.5              | 21.3     | 27.3     | 24.2    | 21.3       | 27.6 | 24.9 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4/8/4        | GPTQ      | 24.2              | 23.3     | 24.0     | 18.3    | 21.3       | 29.5 | 23.4 |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | QuaRot    | 20.0              | 24.7     | 30.0     | 26.7    | 26.0       | 31.4 | 26.5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4.5/8/4.5    | ¯ QŪĪK¯ ¯ | 33.3              | - 28.7 - | - 32.0   | 32.5    |            | 18.1 | 28.4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4.5/6/4.5    | ResQ      | 37.5              | 32.0     | 32.7     | 47.5    | 26.7       | 27.6 | 34.0 |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |           | Qwen              | 2-VL-7B- |          |         |            |      |      |  |  |  |  |  |
| W/A/KV (bit) | Method    | 0-shot MMMU tasks |          |          |         |            |      |      |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |           | Art-Design        | Business | Science  | Health  | Humanities | Tech | Avg  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16/16/16     | Baseline  | 68.3              | 41.3     | 54.7     | 68.3    | 38.7       | 38.1 | 51.6 |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |           | 24.2              | 28.0     | - 29.3   | 22.5    |            | 27.1 | 26.7 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4/4/4        | GPTQ      | 21.7              | 26.0     | 25.3     | 28.3    | 24.7       | 23.3 | 24.9 |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | QuaRot    | 21.7              | 21.3     | 28.7     | 25.0    | 20.7       | 29.5 | 24.5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4.5/4.5/4.5  | ¯ QŪĪK¯ ¯ | 30.8              | 30.0     | 32.0     | 26.7    | 28.0       | 26.2 | 28.9 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4.3/4.3/4.3  | ResQ      | 65.0              | 39.3     | 45.3     | 61.7    | 34.0       | 36.7 | 47.0 |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | RTN       | 23.3              | 28.7     | 27.3     | 25.0    | 22.7       | 24.3 | 25.2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4/8/4        | GPTQ      | 20.8              | 23.3     | 30.0     | 19.2    | 24.0       | 28.6 | 24.3 |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | QuaRot    | 20.8              | 26.0     | 30.0     | 19.2    | 24.7       | 26.2 | 24.5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4.5/8/4.5    | ¯ QŪĪK ¯  | 25.0              | 23.3     | - 31.3   | 26.7    | 25.3       | 26.7 | 26.4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4.5/0/4.5    | ResQ      | 67.5              | 39.3     | 51.3     | 64.2    | 36.7       | 33.8 | 48.8 |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 8: Comparison of perplexity score on Wikitext, accuracy on eight 0-shot common sense reasoning tasks including ARC-challenge, ARC-easy, BoolQ, HellaSwag, Openbook QA, PIQA, SIQA, and WinoGrande, and 0-shot massive multitask language understanding tasks across four subjects: STEM, Humanities, Social Sciences, and MMLU-other, for the Qwen2.5 family when quantized to W/A/KV = 4/4/4 bits. ( $\downarrow$ ): lower is better, ( $\uparrow$ ): higher is better.

|              |           |            |       |       |        | Qwen2. | 5 family   |           |      |       |      |            |          |          |      |      |
|--------------|-----------|------------|-------|-------|--------|--------|------------|-----------|------|-------|------|------------|----------|----------|------|------|
|              |           | Perplexity |       |       | 0-shot | common | sense reas | soning ta | sks  |       |      |            | 0-shot 1 | MMLU tas | ks   |      |
| Model        | Method    | Wiki       | ARC-c | ARC-e | BoolQ  | HellaS | OBQA       | PIQA      | SIQA | WinoG | Avg. | humanities | Other    | SocialS  | STEM | Avg. |
|              |           | (↓)        | (†)   | (†)   | (†)    | (†)    | (†)        | (†)       | (†)  | (†)   | (†)  | (†)        | (†)      | (†)      | (†)  | (†)  |
|              | QuaRot    | 6599.9     | 23.6  | 37.3  | 46.2   | 28.6   | 27.0       | 56.3      | 35.2 | 52.4  | 38.3 | 24.5       | 24.3     | 23.0     | 22.4 | 23.5 |
| Qwen2.5-1.5B | SpinQuant | 5938.3     | 22.8  | 36.4  | 47.3   | 29.0   | 26.2       | 56.4      | 35.4 | 51.3  | 38.1 | 25.0       | 24.1     | 23.3     | 22.5 | 23.7 |
|              | ResQ      | 187.3      | 31.1  | 54.0  | 54.7   | 43.6   | 33.2       | 64.8      | 39.1 | 52.4  | 46.6 | 26.3       | 30.3     | 27.8     | 24.5 | 27.2 |
| Qwen2.5-3B   | QuaRot    | 68.8       | 32.4  | 53.1  | 51.6   | 49.2   | 33.4       | 66.7      | 39.3 | 56.4  | 47.7 | 28.1       | 32.0     | 28.9     | 26.6 | 28.9 |
|              | SpinQuant | 70.6       | 33.3  | 56.4  | 51.8   | 49.5   | 33.0       | 66.7      | 41.0 | 57.1  | 48.6 | 30.1       | 37.2     | 33.9     | 30.1 | 32.8 |
|              | ResQ      | 9.8        | 44.1  | 70.2  | 70.2   | 67.3   | 41.0       | 73.7      | 45.4 | 61.1  | 59.1 | 45.8       | 58.4     | 58.9     | 45.9 | 52.2 |
|              | QuaRot    | 4035.9     | 25.9  | 41.0  | 39.1   | 29.1   | 27.6       | 57.9      | 35.7 | 50.6  | 38.4 | 24.8       | 24.4     | 24.4     | 22.7 | 24.1 |
| Qwen2.5-7B   | SpinQuant | 3395.4     | 25.5  | 44.2  | 39.5   | 29.3   | 27.0       | 58.8      | 35.3 | 49.4  | 38.6 | 25.0       | 23.8     | 24.2     | 24.3 | 24.3 |
|              | ResQ      | 34.2       | 42.6  | 60.2  | 75.4   | 59.4   | 41.6       | 63.1      | 44.6 | 62.8  | 56.2 | 49.3       | 63.6     | 68.6     | 50.4 | 58.0 |
|              | QuaRot    | 6.8        | 54.8  | 79.6  | 79.9   | 78.7   | 44.0       | 79.5      | 49.9 | 70.7  | 67.1 | 60.9       | 75.1     | 80.2     | 67.3 | 70.9 |
| Qwen2.5-14B  | SpinQuant | 6.6        | 54.2  | 81.2  | 82.1   | 77.9   | 44.6       | 78.4      | 50.8 | 70.0  | 67.4 | 59.6       | 75.3     | 78.9     | 66.7 | 70.1 |
|              | ResQ      | 6.5        | 55.6  | 81.3  | 89.2   | 79.2   | 43.6       | 79.9      | 51.4 | 70.2  | 67.5 | 61.6       | 75.3     | 80.1     | 68.2 | 71.3 |
|              | QuaRot    | 6.1        | 54.3  | 78.6  | 83.0   | 81.0   | 43.4       | 79.8      | 50.6 | 71.7  | 67.8 | 67.4       | 80.5     | 85.2     | 75.1 | 77.0 |
| Qwen2.5-32B  | SpinQuant | 6.0        | 54.5  | 76.1  | 85.1   | 81.5   | 44.2       | 80.1      | 51.3 | 70.4  | 67.9 | 68.5       | 80.0     | 86.0     | 76.0 | 77.6 |
|              | ResQ      | 5.9        | 55.9  | 79.7  | 85.8   | 81.6   | 44.8       | 80.3      | 51.6 | 73.4  | 69.1 | 68.4       | 80.6     | 86.4     | 76.2 | 77.9 |
|              | QuaRot    | 4.9        | 55.8  | 81.1  | 87.5   | 84.0   | 45.2       | 81.7      | 52.5 | 74.5  | 70.3 | 71.4       | 84.2     | 87.7     | 77.1 | 80.1 |
| Qwen2.5-72B  | SpinQuant | -          | -     | -     | -      | -      | -          | -         | -    | -     | -    | -          | -        | -        | -    | -    |
|              | ResQ      | 4.9        | 58.8  | 81.9  | 87.2   | 84.1   | 46.0       | 82.2      | 53.2 | 75.5  | 71.1 | 71.3       | 84.2     | 87.4     | 77.4 | 80.1 |