Research on Optimization of Orthogonal Welding Process Parameters for Pipes Based on Deep Learning

1st Li Shuai School of Mechanical Engineering Zhengzhou University of Aeronautics Zhengzhou, China ls15993381210@163.com 2nd Chen Jinping School of Mechanical Engineering Zhengzhou University of Aeronautics Zhengzhou, China nnsfcjp@zua.edu.cn

Department of Mechanical and Manufacturing Engineering University of Calgary Calgary, Canada

3rd Tu Yiliu

Engineering Zhengzhou University of Aeronautics Zhengzhou, China 2590204499@qq.com

4th Guo Shiyi

School of Mechanical

paultu@ucalgary.ca

5th Wan Xinyuan School of Mechanical Engineering Zhengzhou University of Aeronautics Zhengzhou, China 1563683538@qq.com 6th Cui Yanmei School of Mechanical Engineering Shanghai Dianji University Shanghai, China cuiym@sdju.edu.com

Abstract—With the rapid advancement of intelligent manufacturing, the field of robotic welding has become

a hot research area. Domestic and foreign scholars have achieved fruitful results in the optimization of welding processes. However, the optimization of robotic orthogonal welding process parameters for pipes still mainly relies on experience and multiple experiments at present. This method is not only inefficient but also difficult to adapt to complex environments. Therefore, the method fails to guarantee the welding quality. In order to optimize the process parameters of orthogonal welding for pipes and improve welding quality and stability, this paper proposes an innovative optimization method based on the deep learning method and combined with the characteristics of the orthogonal welding process for pipes. This method takes the Deep Neural Network (DNN) as the core and constructs a nonlinear mapping relationship between process parameters and welding quality. Through the training of the DNN model, accurate prediction of welding quality is achieved. And combined with the backpropagation algorithm and optimization strategies, the process parameters are dynamically adjusted, so as to achieve the goal of optimizing the welding quality. The experimental results demonstrate that the method proposed in this paper can effectively improve the quality and stability of orthogonal welding for pipes.

Keywords-Intelligent manufacturing, Robotic orthogonal welding, Deep learning, Process parameter,

Welding quality