# DMLR: Data-centric Machine Learning Research

# Past, Present and Future

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#### Abstract

Drawing from discussions at the inaugural DMLR workshop at ICML 2023 and meetings prior, in this report we outline the relevance of community engagement and infrastructure development for the creation of next-generation public datasets that will advance machine learning science. We chart a path forward as a collective effort to sustain the creation and maintenance of these datasets and methods towards positive scientific, societal and business impact.

Keywords: data-centric machine learning, artificial intelligence, datasets, impact

#### 1 Data Ambivalence in Machine Learning

Why state the obvious? Do we really need to emphasize some machine learning (ML) research as *data-centric*? Hasn't ML science, at its core, always been just that? After all, designing algorithms that extract models from data is machine learning's *summum bonum*. In the pursuit of this goal we often oscillate between two dominant phases: (i) design algorithm and throw data at it, (ii) go back to data (and its intermediate representations)

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Figure 1: A timeline of some inflection points in the development of data-centric ideas.

to design better algorithm. This feedback loop informs the ambivalence towards data that many of us will encounter in machine learning practice: on the one hand, we want the algorithm to extract a model from data automatically; on the other hand, we often need to analyze the data and model manually to build good algorithms. Through the lens of this oscillation, data-centric machine learning research (DMLR) can broadly be described as infrastructure, methods and communities revolving around phase (ii).

In this editorial we outline key coordinates and objectives of DMLR, contextualize its origins, and summarize activities towards growing the DMLR ecosystem. And these lines are also an invitation, a call on you, the reader, to join us in shaping this DMLR future. Be it as open source contributor, community organizer, researcher or reviewer, your ideas and efforts are needed to maintain and shape DMLR further.

#### 2 Past: Data-Centricity Over Time

Historically, the ambivalence towards data has manifested in different ways. In the early 1990s, Wilson, Garris and Wilkinson [1–4] distributed "Handwriting Sampling Forms" at the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST), digitizing the resulting data into the raw ingredients that were later turned into the now infamous machine learning staple MNIST. But as of October 4, 2023, their original publications have less than 150 citations combined. In comparison, the seminal LeNet paper by [5], which is often used as stand-in reference for the MNIST dataset, sits at 60,000 citations today.<sup>1</sup>.

This is not to open artificial fault lines à la "data people" versus "model people". But one can wonder what such artifacts reveal about the incentives in machine learning and

<sup>1.</sup> As an aside, LeCun et al. [5] themselves did not cite the NIST prior works [1–4]. Notably, Yadav and Bottou [6] later revisited the history of MNIST.

how conducive they are to machine learning progress. Or whether, as [7] suggest, it slows progress because "everyone wants to do the model work, not the data work". Jumping to today, there are active and encouraging efforts in our community to counter this imbalance, prominently the *Datasets and Benchmark Track* at NeurIPS that was conceived for the first time in 2021 by Joaquin Vanschoren, Serena Yeung and Maria Xenochristou. We also have to emphasize that not all data work goes under-appreciated. One must only look at ImageNet [8] or CIFAR [9] for great success stories.

Algorithm development is often correlated with extended phases of "modality hegemony". Data staples for many early ML models were structured data, organized in tables, fueling the development of interpretable models that can handle discrete feature spaces effectively, such as the Top-Down Induction of Decision Trees (TDIDT) family of algorithms including CLS [10], ID3 [11], ACLS [12] or C4.5 [13]. In turn, leaps on less structured data, such as plain text or images, were accompanied by the development of new algorithms. This includes innovations on Convolutional Neural Networks (CNNs) for image classification such as AlexNet [14] or RNNs [15], LSTMs [16] and later transformer architectures [17] for text. Additionally, algorithms have been designed that can productively fuse different data modalities [18–21], port from one modality to another, such as transformers from text to vision tasks [22], or become fully modality agnostic by operating on byte representations [23]. Somewhat on the opposite side of the spectrum we also witness a resurgence of algorithm development for highly specific but widely adopted data modalities, such as structured tables [24–26] or data viewed as graphs [27; 28]. Critically, leaps in algorithm innovation typically presumed the existence of open datasets such as MNIST, ImageNet or CIFAR mentioned above. This is currently changing. For recent frontier algorithms, such as the OpenAI family of models [29; 30], the data acquisition and preparation is such a value-generating asset that it routinely remains closed off from public access. Exceptions do exist, especially by cooperative-style communities such as LAION [31], Common Crawl [32], or Eleuther [33], among others. To be clear, closed data assets are not new. However, in recent history they have increasingly driven frontier advances in machine learning systems which were typically powered by open datasets during the 2010s.

Around the same time as MNIST, the concept of data-centricity started to appear literally in early works by [34] and others. It was likely discussed in the systems and database circles long before the idea became an increasingly growing focus of research in the core machine learning community. The connection to systems persists to this day, evident in venues such as MLSys<sup>2</sup> or the DEEM workshops<sup>3</sup>, due the high importance of optimized infrastructure to orchestrate and execute data transformation and machine learning workloads. Success stories can be found in frameworks to build and store models such as Torch [35], Theano [36], Caffe [37], TensorFlow [38], JAX [39] or PyTorch [40]. Sometimes these frameworks also led to optimized data formats, such as TensorFlow's TFRecord. Additionally, platforms like Kaggle, HuggingFace or OpenML have emerged as de-facto community data hubs and standardized data loading infrastructure. A new wave of emerging open-source projects such as Lance<sup>4</sup> aim to address existing gaps with respect to data loading needs. However, despite these advances, challenges regarding the compatibility,

<sup>2.</sup> https://mlsys.org/

<sup>3.</sup> http://deem-workshop.org/

<sup>4.</sup> https://github.com/lancedb/lance

mutability, and collaborability of datasets persist. Encouragingly, new initiatives, such as 'Croissant'<sup>5</sup>[41], take stabs at the Babylonian tower of data formats, uniting key stakeholders in an effort to streamline data-centric machine learning infrastructure. Similarly, DataPerf [42] is a recent community-led benchmark suite for evaluating ML datasets and data-centric algorithms, enabling the ML community to iterate on datasets, instead of just architectures.

Alongside developments in infrastructure, we have over time also witnessed critical advances in the way datasets are collected, curated and maintained. From the beginnings of modern statistical science [43; 44], active learning, a set of methods concerned with data curation, has planted its roots firmly in the machine learning and statistical learning literature [45–51]. The next generation of machine learning datasets will further leverage these concepts, characterized by dense metadata annotation [52–54], collaborative refinement [55–57; 33], user preference and human feedback [58], and evolution over time [59; 60; 31], similar to the way we treat code for computer programs already today. Partially, this is already a lived reality in data catalogues like the Pile [33] or OpenWebMath [61]. Data provenance and ownership are also receiving increasing consideration by groups such as the "Data Trusts" initiative [62] and others. Our goal is to support the growth of the DMLR ecosystem into a strong community with effective infrastructure that will advance machine learning science through next generation datasets. These datasets shall serve as a bridge to connect fundamental problems (such as food insecurity and climate impact) with fundamental ML research by providing the right datasets for the right problems.

### 3 Present: Convening the Community at ICML 2023

In order to charge this effort, the data-centric ML community came together on July 29, 2023, in Honolulu, Hawaii, for the inaugural DMLR workshop at the International Conference on Machine Learning (ICML) 2023. The DMLR workshop was a point of convergence for previous activities including the Asilomar Datasets 2030 retreat, the Dataperf initia-tive<sup>6</sup>, the NeurIPS 2021 data-centric AI workshop<sup>7</sup>, the LAION community<sup>8</sup> and others. Invited speakers, panelists, poster presenters and attendees deliberated on the current state of data-centric machine learning and how we can advance the community and infrastructure towards the next generation of public machine learning datasets (see Figure 2 for a brief overview).

**Community engagement** Andrew Ng concluded his keynote with open questions aimed at fostering further research and development in data-centric AI workflows. Isabelle Guyon proposed a peer-reviewed journal contributed to by AI-agents, aiming to foster scholarly community engagement. Dina Machuve discussed the role of community in data collection for agriculture in East Africa. Olga Rusnaskovsky and Vikram V. Ramaswamy addressed social bias in machine learning, calling for community action. The panel expressed substantial enthusiasm for the DMLR Journal, indicating a strong community interest in advancing the field. Paper authors highlighted diverse challenges in community standards ranging from

<sup>5.</sup> https://github.com/mlcommons/croissant

<sup>6.</sup> https://www.dataperf.org/

<sup>7.</sup> https://datacentricai.org/neurips21/

<sup>8.</sup> https://laion.ai/



Figure 2: Themes and contributions from the community at the DMLR ICML 2023 workshop. **Top left:** LDA of accepted paper abstracts with n\_components = 5. 2-d UMAP of LDA results which are 5-d corresponding to 5 components. Each dot represents an abstract, color coded by the most dominant topic identified by LDA. The topics identified by LDA are displayed alongside as top20 word clouds. **Bottom left:** A sample of the geographic coordinates of the institutions where authors of accepted works are based. It includes only those locations where the **geocode** API returns latitude and longitude information for fuzzy search on affiliation names (360 of 495 affiliations returned coordinates, note that not all 495 affiliations are unique). **Right:** Topics highlighted in the invited talk including prompt-based ML development (Andrew Ng), the DMLR ecosystem (Peter Mattson), reality-centric AI (Mihaela van der Schaar), bias in vision data (Olga Russakovsky and Vikram Ramaswamy), history of distribution shifts dating back to NeurIPS 2006 (Masashi Sugiyama), the AI research agent (Isabelle Guyon), nuances of data quality (Dina Machuve), the DMLR Journal (Ce Zhang) and data-centric LLMs (panel). Links to the full videos and slides of talks are available in Appendix C.

risk classification in driver telematics, the role of synthetic data in the scientific community, to the nuances of deep learning in neuroimaging and beyond.

**Infrastructure** Workshop contributions also illuminated the critical role of infrastructure in advancing data-centric machine learning. Andrew Ng emphasized the importance of rapid iteration cycles, facilitated by advancements in both theory and tools. Mihaela van der Schaar introduced tools like Data-IQ [63] for better data characterization. Peter Mattson and Praveen Paritosh discussed Croissant<sup>9</sup>, a standardized dataset format, and DataPerf [42], an engine for refining datasets. Masashi Sugiyama added depth by discussing the complexities of machine learning models operating under distribution shifts. The panel, consisting of Ludwig Schmidt, Megan Ansdell, Nathan Lambert, and Sang Michael Xie, further emphasized that the development of systematic methods for constructing AI datasets is less advanced compared to model development but noted that tools and infrastructure are catching up. Poster presenters highlighted different aspects related to infrastructure such as quality control and streaming of distributed data.

<sup>9.</sup> https://github.com/mlcommons/croissant



Figure 3: An overview of the DMLR ecosystem pillars and community projects.

**Datasets** The workshop participants also delved into the future of datasets in machine learning. Andrew Ng highlighted the growing relevance of small datasets and the practicality of few-shot learning techniques. Mihaela van der Schaar advocated for Reality-Centric AI [64]. Isabelle Guyon introduced AutoML+, a holistic system that includes data search, task definition, and preparation. Dina Machuve discussed the critical role of data in East African agriculture. The panel emphasized that data holds a central role in driving AI forward and highlighted the need for next-gen datasets to be more systematically constructed. Several papers also underscored the challenges and solutions in active learning, focusing on topics such as minimizing annotation cost and acquiring high-quality data for training discriminative models. Links to the full videos and slides of talks are available in Appendix C.

# 4 Future: Growing the DMLR Ecosystem

The field of machine learning is undergoing a profound transformation. While the past was characterized by the pursuit of innovative algorithms and architectures, the present and future pose growing data-centric questions. As large models become the norm and real-world efficacy becomes paramount, the emphasis is shifting towards the entire data lifecycle, from collection over storage and transformation to integration of results into other systems [65]. The importance of addressing societal issues through data further underscores this shift. The role of the community in shaping the future of data-centric ML cannot be overstated. The recent DMLR workshop at ICML 2023 served as an inaugural meeting, igniting a spark for what is to come. A collective effort is required to create, enhance, and maintain public datasets. This involves establishing clear licensing protocols, technological standards, and fostering a culture of collaboration and shared, equitable ownership [66].

Earlier generations of machine learning datasets, such as MNIST, were often collected from scratch for specific pattern recognition tasks. Since then, crawling artifacts, for example ImageNet or the LAION datasets, have flourished and been scrutinized, introducing new questions on data provenance [67; 66], ownership, sharing and reviewing at scale [68]. These are not only philosophical questions but already slice of life, as "copyright haven" experiments such as in Japan [69] or litigation against commercial users of web crawled data [70] illustrate. Moving forward, alternative models for data ownership may warrant reconsideration. For example, data trusts [62] offer legal and operational frameworks to manage and govern access to data transparently. Testbeds for this practice can be found in places like Delhi's open traffic data [71], the European Union data sharing spaces [72] or the Swiss health data sharing platform SHDS [73]. In the context of machine learning, data trusts offer a structured approach to address issues of data privacy, security, and ownership, enabling collaborative and responsible data sharing among multiple stakeholders. By establishing clear rules and protocols for data usage, data trusts can incentivize the creation of new datasets while safeguarding sensitive information and intellectual property [74]. Such principles are not exclusively explored in policy, they also underpin technological experiments for transaction-driven, decentralized machine learning [75]. Interested contributors can already find several entry points, including

- DMLR workshops or tracks at the main machine learning conferences such as NeurIPS Datasets and Benchmarks https://dmlr.ai/
- DMLR journal as an author, editor, reviewer https://data.mlr.press/
- Data provenance and governance initiatives such as https://datatrusts.uk/ [62] https://dataprovenance.org/ [66]
- Socials and informal research retreats such as Asilomar Datasets 2030
- Open source data-centric libraries such as https://github.com/vanderschaarlab/datagnosis

Community building also needs to permeate the technical domains in which data-centric methods can be applied to realize real-world utility. Past advances in healthcare, finance, agriculture, climate science or recommender systems are testament to their potential of delivering real-world impact. These include federated learning frameworks, such as [76], enabling collaborative data engineering across institutions and enhancing predictive models while safe-guarding patients' and IP holders' data rights. In the financial domain, careful data curation has been pivotal in creating more robust and adaptive fraud detection systems. A notable example is the work by Dal Pozzolo et al. [77] which leverages vast, qualitycurated transaction datasets to identify fraudulent activities with high accuracy. Precision agriculture has benefited from crowd-sourced, quality controlled datasets, too. This spans satellite imagery and sensor data fusion to optimize crop yield predictions or plant disease detection from images, serving as templates for the potential of community-sourced data in improving agricultural outcomes [78; 79]. In climate science models have been enhanced through careful data synthesis to provide more accurate predictions of weather patterns and climate change impacts, for example extreme weather events from large-scale climate simulations [80]. In recommender systems, the Netflix prize competition is an early example for how community engagement and collaborative filtering techniques can improve the accuracy of production systems [81]. Continued engagement of the application domains will be crucial to convert innovations from the DMLR community to real-world impact.

Furthermore, an infrastructure that supports the collaborative creation and enhancement of datasets is crucial. This infrastructure should champion the principles of opensource software, fostering a culture of shared responsibility and continuous improvement. The concept of "living datasets" emerges, emphasizing the dynamic nature of data [82; 83] and the importance of metrics [84–86] and rich, flexible metadata in ensuring its relevance. Exemplar activities that continuously onboard input from contributors include, among others

- Croissant dataset format https://github.com/mlcommons/croissant [41]
- Dynabench dynamic data collection and benchmarking platform https://dynabench.org/
- Dataperf, metrics for data-centric algorithm benchmarks https://www.dataperf.org/home [42]

Vibrant communities and innovative infrastructure will facilitate the future of machine learning datasets that cater to large models and real-world efficacy. These datasets should encapsulate the entire data lifecycle, ensuring they remain relevant and adaptable. They must be amenable enough to support the evolving research questions in machine learning. Furthermore, they should help address societal issues and allow analyses with respect representation and biases [65; 87]. The integrity of data forms the bedrock of reliable machine learning models. This involves addressing challenges related to noisy measurements, noisy labels and uncertainty [67; 88]. Ensuring the quality of data used for ML training and evaluation is paramount, as it directly influences the efficacy and reliability of the resulting models. New datasets, also called data++ [89] by some, thus should increasingly support the optimization of data itself [90–95] as part of the machine learning lifecycle. Ongoing initiatives that amalgamate these ingredients comprise, among others

- Machine Learning Common's datasets working group https://mlcommons.org/en/groups/datasets/
- UN's AI for Good SDG gateway in collaboration with DMLR https://aiforgood.itu.int/about-ai-for-good/discovery/#Datacentric
- Independent research collectives such as LAION or EleutherAI https://laion.ai/, https://www.eleuther.ai/
- A diversity of open source benchmarking and evaluation repositories such as https://github.com/erichson/SuperBench,

https://wilds.stanford.edu/ [96], https://github.com/hendrycks/robustness[97], https://github.com/basveeling/pcam [98], https://mlcommons.org/en/dollar-street/ [99], https://github.com/modestyachts/ImageNetV2 [100], https://github.com/inverse-scaling/prize [101]

Investing in public datasets offers a plethora of benefits. It has the potential to accelerate innovation in the field of ML, reduce legal and ethical risks associated with data usage, and address pressing societal challenges. The emphasis is on creating datasets that not only advance the field of ML but also contribute positively to society at large by addressing realworld problems. The DMLR community is already expansive and, even more importantly, ongoing. We envision an ecosystem that strengthens these pillars and supports the growth and funding of new ideas. Whether you are a researcher, a practitioner, or an enthusiast, your insights and contributions to DMLR are the determinants of the data-centric machine learning future.

## Continual learning without forgetting

With this editorial we aim to highlight critical developments in data-centric machine learning and provide an overview of entry points for contributions to different activities in the extended community. In a dynamic system, a snapshot like this editorial will always contain some approximation error. If you know of relevant resources that were omitted please do not be shy and reach out. We will be happy to update them.

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#### Appendix A. The people behind the DMLR program at ICML 2023

Next to the organizers, speakers and attendees, the DMLR community is made up of its reviewers and submitting authors. For the first DMLR meeting at ICML 2023 (https://dmlr.ai/) we are grateful to the following people for volunteering their time and expertise.

#### A.1 Program committee

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# Appendix B. Full list of accepted papers

The full list of accepted papers is available at https://dmlr.ai/accepted/.

## Appendix C. Links to recorded talks and slides from DMLR

In random order:

Masashi Sugiyama Coping with Wild Distribution Shifts: Continuous Shift, Joint Shift, and Beyond https://slideslive.com/39006435/coping-with-wild-distribution-shifts-continuous-shift-joint-shift-and-beyond?ref=folder-122509

Ce Zhang DMLR: Journal of Data-centric Machine Learning Research https://slideslive.com/39006439/dmlr-journal-of-datacentric-machine-learning-research?ref=folder-122509

Dina Machuve Data for Agriculture: Challenges and Opportunities in East Africa https://slideslive.com/39006438/data-for-agriculture-challenges-and-opportunities-in-east-africa?ref=folder-122509

Peter Mattson Data-centric Ecosystem: Croissant and Dataperf https://slideslive.com/39006431/datacentric-ecosystem-croissant-and-dataperf?ref=folder-122509

Olga Russakovsky and Vikram Ramaswamy Data-centric Machine Learning: Tackling social bias in computer vision datasets https://slideslive.com/39006434/datacentric-machine-learning-tackling-social-bias-in-computer-vision-datasets?ref=folder-122509

Andrew Ng Fast prompt-based ML development and data-centric AI https://slideslive.com/39006430/fast-promptbased-ml-development-and-datacentric-ai?ref=folder-122509

Ludwig Schmidt, Megan Ansdell, Nathan Lambert, Sang Michael Xie, Praveen Paritosh, Manil Maskey Panel Discussion https://slideslive.com/39006440/panel-discussion?ref=folder-122509

Mihaela van der Schaar Reality-Centric AI https://slideslive.com/39006433/realitycentric-ai?ref=folder-122509

Isabelle Guyon *Towards Data-Centric AutoML* https://slideslive.com/39006437/towards-datacentric-automl?ref=folder-122509